State Library 30jun1902

THE CAMERON COUNTY PRESS.

ESTABLISHED BY C. B. GOULD, MARCH, 1866. "Liberty and Union, One and Inseparable."—WEBSTER. TERMS: $2.00—$1.50½ IN ADVANCE.

VOL. 36. EMPORIUM, PA., THURSDAY, JANUARY 23, 1902. NO. 48.

J. R. Buckwalter.

The Advance-Kentuckian, Morehead, Ky.

Some may raise the question as to whether it is within the limits of propriety for the editor to step aside from the current events, of every day life to notice individuals, their business operations, and, as a consequence, the effect upon the neighborhoods or communities in which they live. But we notice that whenever the successful politician with his flattery, shys his caster into the field, that the papers of his ilk politically, especially, and often other papers, are loud and long in their encomiums of his virtues and usefulness and, if it will bear it, likewise of his genealogy et cetera. Just here then we would like to ask a question! Aside from the politician is it not equally of as much, or more importance, and of at least as much or greater benefit to the community to write up the facts, and the effect resulting from the course of the useful, prominent and leading business men in the community? We needed no apology for what we are about to say, but the foregoing is merely prefactory to these lines in reference to the man whose name stands at the head of this article, John R. Buckwalter.

To say that Mr. Buckwalter is a successful business man is putting it mildly; he has known nothing but success, at least, since our first acquaintance with him, in the lumber, saw mill and mercantile business. Purchasing large tracts of timbered lands, as he finds it conducive to the success of his enterprise. Hundreds of thousands of dollars involved. His large mill and mills, including booms and other works essential thereto located on the Licking at Farmers, in this county. The Licking river tributary to him for a distance of one hundred and fifty, to two hundred miles from Salyersville down. How many thousands of dollars he scatters in Rowan, Morgan; Magoffin and other counties we do not know, but will venture to say many thousand annually. How many little country stores, their proprietors, are kept going in business from the dollars that flow from him it would take a considerable trip and careful observation and inquiry to tell. Then how many poor men, and their families, especially in Rowan county, are kept above want and comparatively independent by being in the employ, either directly or indirectly of John R. Buckwalter, we do not in the rush of matters often think of. We do not wish to be too personal, but Mr. Buckwalter's liberality and square dealings, his kindness to those in his employ when themselves or families are sick, and his indulgence of and waiting on them when they need help is almost proverbial, yet doubtless some find fault, and so it has always been and ever will be.

But John R. Buckwalter is a tower of strength and great good to his community. Without being extravagant we undertake to say that his record is made, as firm as the rock ribbed hills, and it will stand, while the pebbles cast by those who envy him will only rebound to remind them of their futile efforts. We might add that Mr. Buckwalter was a veteran soldier in the great Army of the Union during our Civil War, yet he has no prejudices against those who were opposed to him. His motto is: "Charity for all!" He knows no such thing as stooping to a little act. But in conclusion we say, all honor to the man of affairs, the business man, who like the heart in the physical anatomy, at each pulsation sends the life giving power to the extremeties. We fail to appreciate such men, they are the real benefactors, they do not feed on the community, and whether they will or no, they do not work for themselves alone, but for the benefit all around them, and so it may be truly said, of John R. Buckwalter, a real and tangible benefit to all.

Has a Grievance.

Daniel Britton called at the PRESS office last Saturday and entered a vigorous protest against his treatment by the poormasters of Lumber township. Mr. Britton claims they are neglecting him in his feebie condition. We know nothing of the trouble between the parties but we firmly believe something should be done for the unfortunate man.

Notice to Gas Consumers.

Beginning with February there will positively be no discount allowed on any bills after the 10th of the month on which they fall due. The office hours will be from 8 to 11:30; 1 to 5:30. The office will not be open evenings, except on the 10th of each month, when will be open from 7 to 9. When bills not paid by the 15th of each month gas will be shut off.

4 ST. MARYS GAS CO.

Mothers' Meeting.

Mothers meeting at the High School building, Friday afternoon, Jan. 31st, at 3 o'clock. A good interesting program is being prepared. The subject for the afternoon is "Mothers Attitude Towards the Child." Discussion will be open for all to take an active part. We hope the mothers of the pupils will come and help make the meeting what it ought to be.

By order of

OFFICERS OF THE SOCIETY.

Republican Primary Election.

EAST WARD.

The Republican electors of East Ward are requested to meet at the Hose House, in said ward, Saturday evening, January 25th, 1902, at 7:30 to nominate candidates for the several Ward offices and elect five delegates to the Republican Borough Convention.

E. C. DAVISON,
Ward Committeeman.

MIDDLE WARD.

The Republican electors of the Middle Ward of Emporium Borough, are requested to meet at the Council Room in City Hall, on Saturday evening, Jan. 25th, 1902, for the purpose of placing in nomination candidates for the several Ward offices; also to elect five delegates to attend the Republican Borough Convention.

B. L. SPENCE,
Ward Committeeman.

WEST WARD.

The Republican electors of the West Ward of Emporium Borough are requested to meet at the public hall, in the City Hall building, Saturday evening, Jan. 25th, 1902, at 7:30, for the purpose of placing in nomination candidates for the several Ward offices; also to elect five delegates to attend the Republican Borough Convention.

C. L. BUTLER,
Ward Committeeman.

BOROUGH CONVENTION.

The Republican electors of the several Wards of Emporium Borough are hereby requested to elect five delegates from each Ward to attend the Republican Borough Convention, to be held at the Council Chamber, Monday evening, Jan. 27th, 1902, at 7:30, to place in nomination candidates for the several Borough offices.

E. C. DAVISON,
B. L. SPENCE,
C. L BUTLER,
Committeemen.

For February Election.

The election for city, borough and township offices will be held Tuesday, February 18. The last day for filing certificates of nomination for the borough and township offices is Friday January 31. The last day for filing nomination papers, that is, candidates nominated on the citizens' ticket, or who runs independently for the boroughs and townships Monday, February 3. All nomination papers must be filled at the county commissioners' office.

Shippen Republican Caucus.

The Republican voters of Shippen township are requested to meet at the Court House, Emporium, Saturday, Jan 25th for the purpose of nominating candidates for the several township offices to be elected Feb. 18th. Polls will be open from 2:30 to 3:30 p. m.

The following names have been filed as candidates:

School Director—Geo. H. Carter, Gilman Leavett.

Supervisor — Randolph Lockwood, Burton Housler, Eugene W. Taylor, Frank Swesey.

Poor Master—John W. Lewis.

Constable—Willard Swesey.

W. L. THOMAS, Committeeman.

Proportionate Power.

The Republican conference held here yesterday afternoon and evening did well, we think, in adopting a plan for nominating congress candidates which will proportion to the voting strength of the several counties comprising this congressional district.

The small county of Cameron had a powerful and eloquent champion in Hon. B. W. Green, but it was impossible to convince those representing the larger counties that his equal representation was the proper thing. He was able, however, to secure what amounted to a compromise, as rule 3 as finally adopted shows—that is the county has on the opening of the balloting by the conferrees an equal representation, and only falls behind when there is a failure to nominate on twenty ballots. This compromising proposition was offered by Mr. Arnold and the principal was recognized as the one upon which concession could be made to small counties without leaving the people of the larger counties bereft of power in proportion to voting strength whenever proceedings were blocked by a balance in the meeting of conferrees. —DuBois Courier.

Another Death Claim Settled.

Last Thursday the New York Life Insurance Company, through its agent Don M. Larrabee, paid over to Mrs. Jacob Kreitner of Gardeau, a check for one thousand dollars in settlement of the policy carried by her son, Fred Kreitner in the above company.

Sudden Death.

Monroe Bailey, aged 45 years, employed as engineer for G. B. Merrill at Dents Run, died suddenly last Sunday, week, while sitting at the breakfast table. He had been sick with diphtheria but his family thought he was getting better. He leaves a wife and six small children in addition to father, brother and sister.

Serious Wreck.

Freight train No. 82 coming east early Monday morning, collided with a pusher, a few miles west of Ridgway. It required several hours to clear the wreck. Several trainmen were seriously injured. Tee damaged engines passed east on Monday afternoon for repairs. The Flyer returned as Day Express.

Baptist Church Notes.

Preaching morning and evening by the pastor. Morning subject. "The Forerunner of Christ." Evening topic: "Myths and Moths." Bible school at the close of morning worship, C. E. Crandall, Superintendent. Y. P. S. C. E. 6:00 p. m., Bertram Olmsted, President, Mrs. W. A. Pugsley, Leader. Ladies Subject, "Missions." All welcome. Prayer meeting Wednesday evening 7:30. Come and welcome.

Of Interest to Star Course Patrons.

An attraction to be given the patrons of the People's Star Course instead of Martha S. Gielow, incapacitated from appearing by serious illness has not been definitely decided upon. The Copley Square Trio Concert Company, of Boston, is available for April the 2nd, and will be given unless something equally desirable can be had before that time. Patrons will be duly notified, both as to the entertainment and the date of its appearance.

To Make Hens Lay.

Here is an item for our farmers and a good receipt that can be relied on, as the New York chemist remarked while lecturing before the chemistry class, and analyzing an egg said if hens were fed regularly they would lay as many eggs in winter as in summer. Powdered red albumen and black pepper, one pound of each, mixed. Then mix wheat, bran and cornmeal, same quantity of each, and to each quart of this mixture add two teaspoonfuls of the albumen and pepper to each twelve hens. In the evening feed whole grain and in two weeks' time your hens will be on duty the same as in summer. The professor said further that the hens would not set until he quit feeding this mixture. In an egg famine like this it is worth trying.

"Silver Star" Representatives.

Last Thursday evening Ladies Devling, Whiting, Howlett and Stephens, of Silver Star Hive attended the Installation at Emporium. Mr. Anderson, of Sterling Run, drove up to bring these ladies back after the exercises, but only two of the ladies could come back with him. Lady Devling remained in town till the next p. m., and then got off the train without assistance, a mile and a half west of Sterling. The other lady returned home, but no one seems to know how she came. They all report a splendid reception and a jolly good time, and declare that none of them were lodged in the stone house on the hill. No telling what might have happened though, had these ladies remained in town over night, for it is said that two of them were closely followed by Mrs. Swope and her daughter.

A Coming Event at The Opera House.

Arrangements have lately been made whereby the Thespians, a dramatic organization of The Pennsylvania State College will play here on Saturday, Feb. 8th, for the Presbyterian church. We are glad to hear this as it will probably be one of the big events of the season. The young men have many friends in this place. We understand that the play they are presenting this season is "A Russian Honeymoon" by Mrs. Burton Harrison.

The State College boys need no introduction to our people as many will remember their very fine rendition of "David Garrich," last winter. We are assured that the popular organization above noted will present a stronger cast than ever, and will no doubt be greeted by the large and intelligent audience. Many of our people no doubt remember the very credible performance of "David Garrich," by the State College Thespians last winter. It affords us much pleasure to announce that this popular organization will again favor our people on Feb. 8th. The entertainment will be for the benefit of the ladies society of the Presbyterian church. That the boys will play to a full house goes almost without saying.

The Hamilton Fair.

The Hamilton Hose Fair commences on Monday, Feb. 3d and *not* Feb. 4th as advertised. Our people should remember that the Fair commences on Monday and closes with a ball and supper on Feb. 6th.

Suit Continued.

The suit between the American Pig Iron Storage Warrant Company and the Sinnamahoning Iron & Coal Company before Judge Mayer, at Lock Haven, last Monday was continued until Jan. 31st. Several witnesses from Emporium were in attendance.

Oyster Supper—Religious.

There will be an Oyster supper, held by the ladies of the M. E. church, at Turley's boarding house, Jacksonville, near Sizerville, next Saturday evening, Jan. 25. All are cordially invited. Proceeds for benefit of pastor.

There will be preaching services at Sizerville next Sunday afternoon at 3:00 o'clock.

Ice Cream Sale.

The ladies of the First Methodist Episcopal church will serve ice cream and cake at the home of Mr. and Mrs. F. P. Strayer next Saturday evening and will appreciate the patronage of their friends. Orders for brown bread, graham bread and baked beans left with Mrs. Strayer or Mrs. Huntington will be promptly filled.

Leg Broken.

Last Friday evening Martin German, while crossing the Cllmax R. R. bridge on the Portage, was struck by a car being "kicked" onto that railroad and knocked from the bridge. In falling his left left leg caught between the ties, and he was suspended over the ice covered stream when found by the railroad men, whose attention was attracted by his cries for help. Dr. Smith was summoned and reset the leg, which had previously been broken, several years ago.

Enjoyable Evening.

Mr. U. A. Palmer entertained a number of gentlemen friends last evening and night royally feasted the boys, with one of the grandest spreads we ever sat down to. Ye editor, who never has much of an appetite had to take a back seat when such big guns as Stowe Barton, E. C. Davison, T. H. Norris, F. A. Hill, Geo. J. LaBar, D. W. Felt and others moved to the front. We were not in it for a minute. However, it was a great success and Mr. Palmer with the assistance of his good wife and Mrs. S. L. Barton and Miss Mattie Law, saw that all were feasted to their utmost capacity.

Public Installation.

The public installation of the officers of Good Will Tent, K. O. T. M., and Gladiola Hive L. O. T. M., at the opera house last Thursday evening was one of the most pleasant occasions we have been permitted to attend in many a day. About 350 or 400 of the Bees swarmed around the large Hive until the hour for installation. Past Commander C. L. Butler, as installing officer, installed the following officers of the Tent:

Past Commander, Robert Clark; Cammander, Jacob Hoffman; Lieut. Com., John Clare; Record Keeper, J. P. McNarney; Chaplain, Cornelius Newton; Sergeant, Frank Pearsall; Master-at-Arms, M. Campbell; First Master of Guard, A. O. Swartwood; Second Master of Guard, F. C. Pye; Sentinel, N. J. Swartz; Picket, T. L. Wheaton.

Now came the ladies, who were very much in evidence. Lady Ellsworth, of Corry, Pa., Past Great Commander of L. O. T. M., installed the officers of the Hive, to the great edification of those present, as follows:

Commander, Deborah Hockley; Past Com., Mary Winfield; Lieut. Com., Sarah Swartz; Record and Finance Keeper, Helena M. Butler; Chaplain, Frances Stoddard; Seargent, Laura Lingle; Mistress-at-Arms, Clara Clark; Sentinel, Kate Summerson; Pickett, Myrtle Nellis.

The ceremony incident to this occasion was very beautiful and the ladies, who always do everything good or not at all, were cordially applauded.

The Banquet tables having been prepared, being loaded with all that was good, the large assemblage took their seats and made merry for the balance of the evening. The Maccabees can be proud of the great success attending this public installation.

The Little Blue Book.

For this month just out The revised time tables of all Pennsylvania railroads. An indispensable traveling companion. Issued every month. One dollar per year by mail, single copies 10 cents. Address W. P. Hastings, Milton, Penna.

SHAW'S PURE MALT—Exhilarates and does not poison, that's why Doctors drink it It is good for sick and old, and excellent for young and well.

Sold By

36-47-ly F. X. BLUMLE.

DEATH'S DOINGS.

HOBAN.

MISS CATHARINE HOBAN, aged 33 years, died at the residence of her sister, Mrs. Richard Kelley, on Fourth street, last Saturday evening, after an illness of several months, during which she was a great sufferer with that awful disease, consumption.

Surrounded by loving care her passing away was peaceful and happy. The funeral took place last Tuesday morning, from St. Mark's church, Rev. Father Downey reading High Mass. The remarks of Father Downey were beautifully eulogistic of the deceased. A very large number of citizens viewed the remains of the deceased, prior to their removal to the church, which although sad was one of the most beautiful scenes ever seen in Emporium. All that was mortal of the good girl rested as though asleep upon a couch casket, clothed in white, all surmounted with a lace canopy. This beautiful effect was the careful handiwork of Mr. B. Egan, funeral director, for which he deserves this mention.

Among the relatives of the deceased present at the funeral were Edward Hoban (brother) and wife, Syracuse, and Patrick Hoban, (brother) Allegany City.

The Thespians.

The Dramatic Organization of the Pennsylvania State College, The Thespians, have recently made arrangements to play in this city at the Opera House. The cast is composed of young men and both the male and female parts are taken by them. They have recently had the services of an experienced coach from Buffalo and at a dress rehearsal given before a few members of the Faculty and their wives every one declared that the boys acted their parts in the best style The play this year will be the three-act comedy a "Russian Honeymoon."

The Thespians will be accompanied by the college quartet who will sing college songs and medleys. They will also have their own Orchestra which is composed of students.

They will be here on Saturday, Feb. 8th, and we hope the people will come out and give them a good welcome.

BRIEF MENTION.

The First Methodist Episcopal church of Emporium has had 14 more accessions to membershsp.

The Erwood Theatrical Company have been playing to crowded houses at the opera house, giving excellent satisfaction. They remain here the balance of this week.

At Atlantic City on Sunday, Insurance Commissioner Durham said: "I am sure Attorney General Elkin will be nominated and elected. Beyond that I have nothing to say on the situation in Pennsylvania."

Ex-Judge W. H. Jessup aged 72 years, died suddenly at his Scranton home last Thursday, of heart failure. He was one of the most prominent and able lawyers in the state. Years ago the Judge visited Emporium and delivered a telling political speech in the court house.

An exchange says, there is such a thing as genuine aristocracy founded on real worth and merit. But when it is founded on the assumption that the young man or woman who works in the shop or kitchen is beneath the notice of those who call themselves the cream of society, it is positive evidence of a lack of brains and good sense.

A preacher, raising his eyes from his pulpit in the midst of his sermon, was paralyzed with amazement to see his son in the gallery pelting the hearers in the pews with horse chestnuts. But while the good man was preparing a frown of reproof, the young hopeful cried out. "You 'tend to your preaching daddy, and I'll keep 'em awake.—Ex.

SIR CHARLES W. DILKE contributes to THE COSMOPOLITAN for February an article on "The Naval Strength of Nations," which gives not only a most interesting and comprehensive account of the navies of the great powers but also a clear insight into world politics. Few men possess such knowledge as the author's, gained from years of experience in a diplomatic and political career. The article is so broad in scope and straightforward in treatment that it will be read with interest not alone by statesmen but by every one whose thoughts travel beyond the immediate wants of a single day.

BLOODED FOWLS FOR SALE.—Blooded Fowls, consisting of Light Brahmas and one trio of Buff Plymouth Rock, for sale at a bargain. Also oyster shell, limestone and granite grits. Green bone cut to order. Wholesale and retail. Call at my residence, East Allegany Avenue, or address P. O. Box 343, Emporium.

tf. GEO. H. DICKENSON.

Zinc and Grinding Make

Devoe Lead and Zinc Paint wear twice as long as lead and oil mixed by hand. tf

WEATHER REPORT.
(Forecast by T. B. Lloyd.)

FRIDAY, Rain or Snow.
SATURDAY, Fair.
SUNDAY, Fair.

Farmers' Institute.

Programme for the two days' session at the court house, Emporium, Pa, Jan. 29th and 30th:

PROGRAMME.

Wednesday Afternoon, Jan, 29th, at 1.30.

Presiding Officer,.....W. H. Howard
Prayer.
Address of Welcome,.....Hon. I. K. Hockley
Response.....Col. John A. Woodward
"Cultivation of Small Fruits"...Prof. R. L. Watts
Question Box.
"Wastes on the Farm and how to Stop Them" C. L. Peck
"Milk Testing and Practical Demonstration Thereof".....Dr. R. P. Heilman
Adjournment.

Evening Session, 7:30 o'clock.

Question Box.
Music.
"How to Keep the Young Folks in the Country," S. R. Elder
Music.
"Spiritual Aspects of Farm Life," Rev. J. M. Robertson
"Feeding for a Purpose (demonstrated by charts) with special reference to Dairying," Col. John A. Woodward
Music.
Adjournment.

Thursday Morning Session, 10:30 o'clock.

Prayer,..... Rev. W. A. Pugsley
Question Box.
"Planting and care of Orchard,".....S. R. Elder
"Benefits of Farmers Institutes," Hon. I. K. Hockley
Economy in and Application of Farm Munure," C. L. Peck
General discussions.
Adjournment.

Afternoon Session, 1:30.

Question Box.
"Opportunities and Advantages for Young Men on the Farm",..... ....Prof. R. L. Watts
Sheep Raising,.....W. R. Johnson
"Some thoughts upon Farm Fertility and Fertilizing,"..... Col. John A. Woodward
"Reforesting and Nut Culture," J. O. Brookbank
General Remarks.
Adjournment.

Eevening Session, 7:30.

Question Box.
Music.
"What Education does the Farmer Need," Col. John A. Woodward
Music.
"Nature Study in Country Schools," Miss Mattie Collins
Music.
"Education vs Ignorance in Modern Farming," C. L. Peck
Music.
Adjournment.

Order of exercises at Driftwood, Friday morning, Jan. 31st, at 10 o'clock:

Prayer,..... Rev. G. W. Faus
Address of Welcome,.....Joseph S. Johnston
Response,..... C. L. Peck
"Planting and Care of Orchard,.....S. R. Elder
Question Box.
"How to Bring up Worn-out Lands," C. L. Peck
General Remarks.
Adjournment.

Afternoon Session, 1:30.

Music.
"Some Thoughts upon Farm Fertility and Fertilizing"..... .....Col. John A. Woodward
Reforesting" and "Nut Culture,"
J. O. Brookbank.
Vocal Solo,..... Miss Frankie Huntley
"Necessity of Farmers attending Institutes," Geo. W. Huntley, Jr
"Apples in Pennsylvania,".....Prof. R. L. Watts
Vocal Duet,
Mrs. V. K. Corbett and Mrs. F. E. Richardson.
Adjournment.

Evening Session, 7:30.

Music,.....Male Quartette
Question Box.
"Education vs Ignorance in Modern Farming." C. L. Peck.
"Opportunities and Advantages for Young Men on the Farm,".....Prof. R. L. Watts
Vocal Solo,..... Miss Frankie Huntley
"How and when to Spray and the Care of Fruit." S. R. Elder
"Make the Country Home Convenient and Comfortable,".....Col. John A. Woodward
General Remarks.
Music,.....Ladies Quartette
Adjournment.

Farmers' Institute Instructors.

S. R. ELDER

of Darlington, Pa., was born in 1841 on his father's farm, received his education at the common school of the township and at Greensburg Academy; located on the farm; where he now resides, in 1864; for a number of years was engaged in wool growing and raising early market lambs; has also followed gardening and fruit growing; has quite a large orchard of plum, pear and apple trees.

C. L. PECK

was born in Tioga county, Pa., in 1845, and received his education at Union Academy, at Knoxville, Pa. He lived upon his father's farm until he was twenty-four years old, and since 1888 he has owned it, and has run it as a stock and dairy farm. He keeps thirty cows and twenty or more young cattle, and is producing 300 pounds of butter to the cow. Some of his cows are capable of producing 600 pounds of butter a year. He has one of the finest equipped dairy barns and dairy surroundings that there is in the county.

R. L. WATTS

was born at Kerrmore, Pa., June 5, 1869; raised on the farm of his father, Martin Watts, which farm was largely devoted to fruit culture. Entered Pennsylvania State College in 1887; graduated from agricultural course in June, 1890. He was elected Assistant Instructor in Botany and Horticulture of the University of Tennessee and Horticulturist of the Agricultural Experiment Station of this institution in September, 1890. Later he was made Instructor of Horticulture, followed by Assistant Professor of Horticulture and Secretary of the Experiment Station. Besides the regular duties as secretary, he had charge of the farmers' institutes of the State, held under the auspices of the University and Station; he prepared programs, conducted correspondence and participated in the meetings. While at the station he conducted various experimeuts with fruit and vegetables in the greenhouse and out of doors, the results of which have been published in bulletin form. He wrote Farmers' Bulletin No. 39 on "Onions," for the U. S. Department of Agriculture. For several years he was editor of the fruit and vegetable department of the "Southern Florist and Gardner," he is now engaged in gardening and fruit culture with a poultry plant to accommodate 500 hens.

Fatal kidney and bladder troubles can always be prevented by the use of Foley's Kidney Cure. L. Taggart.

CAMERON COUNTY PRESS.

H. H. MULLIN, Editor.

Published Every Thursday.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Per year.....$2 00
If paid in advance..... 1 50

ADVERTISING RATES:

Advertisements are published at the rate of one dollar per square for one insertion and fifty cents per square for each subsequent insertion

Rates by the year, or for six or three months, are low and uniform, and will be furnished on application.

Legal and Official Advertising per square, three times or less, $2; each subsequent insertion 50 cents per square.

Local notices 10 cents per line for one insertion; 5 cents per line for each subsequent consecutive insertion.

Obituary notices over five lines, 10 cents per line. Simple announcements of births, marriages and deaths will be inserted free.

Business cards, five lines or less, $5 per year; over five lines, at the regular rates of advertising.

No local inserted for less than 75 cents per issue.

JOB PRINTING.

The Job department of the PRESS is complete and affords facilities for doing the best class of work. PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO LAW PRINTING.

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

Trolley Mania Is the Latest.

Since long before the birth of St. Patrick people have "seen" snakes and crocodiles and myriads of other ugly and terrifying reptiles, and some have seen things outside of the reptilian family which made them shudder and shake at the knees; but it remained for Mr. William Hoyt, of this city, says the New York Sun, to "see" trolley cars. Some time ago Hoyt was struck by one of the cars of the Metropolitan Street Railway company and received several injuries about the head and body; and the fact, as alleged, that he is now suffering from a peculiar mental condition described by his physician as "trolley mania" was disclosed in the supreme court, where Hoyt brought suit against the railroad company to recover $25,000 damages. Although, so far as we know, the term "trolley mania" originated in this case, phrases somewhat similar to it have been for some time employed to express a sort of fear or apprehension felt by many residents of New York whenever they attempt to cross streets traversed by trolley cars. It is indisputable that some persons, generally those from the suburbs, travel several blocks out of their way daily in order to avoid crossing a street in which the cars are run, and when necessity compels them to cross such thoroughfares they appear for some minutes to be in a dazed and nervous condition. Hoyt, it is said, fancies that everything in motion, from a wheelbarrow to an automobile, is a trolley car, and for trolley cars he is everlastingly on the watch. Trolley cars overtake him on the sidewalk and follow him home; they roll around the floor of his house like marbles; at night they go up on the roof, turn somersaults and come clanging down through the chimney, and, once on the inside, they play tag around his bed and vie with each other in running down frail and unwary pedestrians. The railroad company, it is said, has employed physicians for the purpose of determining whether trolley mania really is a new and prevalent disease. They will, no doubt, seek to ascertain how many persons, if any, have suffered from hallucinations similar to those described by Mr. Hoyt, and will endeavor to learn the specific and technical cause of the malady, and also the percentage of cases wherein it has shown grave and refractory tendencies. Trolley mania, if it actually exists, is not an affliction to be trifled with. It should receive the immediate and undivided professional attention of those who are best able to deal with it.

An advertisement in a city newspaper recently asked for information regarding a certain depositor in a savings bank. The depositor saw the advertisement, answered it, and learned that 39 years before he had placed $250 in the bank; then he had gone to Europe and forgotten the deposit. The sum had increased to more than $2,000, and came to him at a time when the money was greatly needed. Recent statistics concernnig the savings banks of the world show that the United States leads all other countries, having over $2,300,000,000 so invested, with an average of over $400 to each depositor. Such figures make cheerful reading—for depositors.

A young girl who spent part of the winter in Washington some years ago was telling about the array of forks at the big state dinners. Now, she knew the uses of some, but the others puzzled her greatly. So she said: "Whenever I made a mistake I moistened the fork with my lips, wiped it on the sly on my napkin and put it back in its place. And after that I watched a guest opposite, who was well posted, and followed her in every movement. Then I was safe."

Mrs. Sarah Higley, of Meir, Ind., was rescued from drowning about a year ago by Marion Rutherford and William Miller—who happened to be on hand—on the offer of Mr. Higley of $1,000 to any one who would save his wife's life. Then Mr. Higley refused to pay and assigned his farm to Mrs. Higley. The court has decided that Higley must pay, and the farm has been sold for the purpose.

THE OUTLOOK IS BRIGHT.

Everything Points to a Splendid Victory for the Republican Party.

Never did a party begin a year of an important political canvass with brighter prospects than present themselves to the republicans at this moment. The country's prosperity in 1901 and the probability that a still greater degree of prosperity will come in 1902, the year in which a new congress is to be chosen, is a fact of great consequence for the party which is dominant in the nation, and which is popularly credited, even by the bitterest of its enemies, with having a large share in bringing this happy condition. All the indications point to a heavier trade, to greater industrial activity and to a higher level of prosperity in the year which has just begun than were scored in the one which has just ended. In the first business day of 1902 many stocks on the New York exchange touched higher points than were ever reached before. The orders for all sorts of iron and steel products which are being placed at present are far in excess of those given at this time in 1901. There is a general feeling throughout the country that the financial record of the year which has just opened will be much better than was that of any other twelvemonth in the country's history. Obviously all this will be a tremendous factor in favor of the maintenance of the republican party's power, says the St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

There were many predictions of republican discord recently, some of them being based on the rivalries of different aspirants for the presidency in 1904. Indiana was said to be particularly disaffected on account of the aspirations of one of its senators, but at a banquet just held in Indianapolis, at which both the state's senators and several of its representatives were in attendance, the opposite sort of a feeling was decidedly manifest. Said the particular senator who had been mentioned in connection with the presidential nomination two years hence, in a speech on that occasion: "We meet with no trace of factional disturbance. With the party united and harmonious throughout Indiana, this is indeed a happy augury. It forecasts certain republican victory." That particular personage and the rest of the speakers declared that there was the utmost harmony between the Indiana republicans and the head of the national administration. The same condition has been expressed by Ohio's leading republicans, especially by Messrs. Hanna and Foraker.

The election for congress this year will, in a large degree, forecast the result of the presidential canvass two years later. The democrats were free with their prognostications a few weeks ago of republican disagreements on several important issues, but none of these predictions have shown any signs of verification. On the question of the general treatment of the Philippines there is no divergence of any consequence among the republicans. This was shown in the action taken by the house on the Philippine tariff bill, in which there was only a trifling defection on the republican side. On the Cuban question there is likewise practical unanimity. If there should be a disagreement on the ship subsidy question it cannot possibly be greater than was that in the late congress, 12 months ago, and that divergence, as the overwhelming victory for McKinley afterward proved, did not hamper the republicans in the slightest degree. The democratic soothsayers have been widely astray in their divinations of republican discord. The party was never more harmonious and enthusiastic than it is at this moment. An overwhelming majority of the people of the United States are, manifestly, on the republican side. A reverse of some dimensions or other for the party in power is the rule in the congressional election in the middle of the presidential term, but it seems clear that the republicans in the canvass of 1902 will pass this danger line in safety as they did in the congressional contest of 1898, when the conditions were far less propitious than they are to-day.

☞As one looks back over the first year of the new century the manifold and strong evidences of constantly increasing prosperity seem at the first glance to constitute its most noteworthy feature. But a little thought brings out the fact that far more important than the evidences that prosperity is with us are the evidences which the year has brought that it is substantial in its nature and rests upon a secure basis. It has undergone the severest tests to which it could be subjected and stands unshaken. It has withstood blows that would have had a crushing effect in ordinary good times.—Albany Journal.

☞The rivalries between Hanna and Foraker in Ohio do not affect the party in the state or the nation. Ohio is robustly republican, and will remain so. Hanna is not opposing Foraker's reelection to the senate, which will take place on the first ballot. Both Foraker and Hanna indorse the Roosevelt administration. There is no aid or comfort for the democrats in the rivalry between the two republican chieftains for the organization of the Ohio legislature. There is not a break in the republican line anywhere in the country.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

☞How time flies! When one sees "16 to 1" in print now it awakens memories of what seems to be the remote past.—Albany Journal.

FINANCIAL VIEWS OF SHAW.

The New Secretary of the Treasury Is Sound in His Financial Policy.

Propriety estops Gov. Shaw, our next secretary of the treasury, from answering the natural questions of eager reporters as to his "financial policy," or from indicating how far he agrees with Mr. Gage and wherein he differs. Certain questions relating to the great subject of national finance are justly regarded as settled, at least so far as the sound-money elements of the country are concerned. The gold standard is established, the legal tenders are "impounded," and the independence of the treasury is safe. But certain important questions are outstanding, and Mr. Shaw's position with reference to them is a matter of legitimate interest, says the Chicago Evening Post.

It has been intimated that the new secretary will suspend the purchase of bonds and thus arrest the present tendency to withdraw bank circulation. He will probably do nothing of the kind. The provisions of the sinking fund sections are explicit and mandatory, and the new secretary will no more disregard or evade them than Secretary Gage has done. It is equally safe to say that the deposits of government funds in the national banks will not be reduced. The now familiar steps for the relief of the market will be taken when the situation shall impose such action.

An examination of Mr. Shaw's public addresses on the financial and banking questions will furnish answers to other and larger questions. He will undoubtedly support the Hill and Overstreet propositions for the redemption of silver dollars in gold coin. In one of his speeches he recognized the danger of the "metallic greenbacks," and added:

"All I cantend for is that every note signed by a solvent debtor, every draft on a solvent merchant, every deposit with a solvent bank, every piece of paper that circulates as money and every coin shall ultimately be payable, redeemable or exchangeable in the standard coin of this country. In no other way can it be protected from discount. Safeguard it as you may, under conditions easily conceivable, the silver certificate or the silver coin may be at a discount, and so long as there is the element of danger, however remote, so long there will exist an ever-present cause of panic."

With regard to our paper currency Mr. Shaw holds that its volume should be coextensive with the needs of the country, and that it should be issued exclusively by the banks. "The time," he said once, "is past when the government should issue a part of the paper currency and the banks a part." Only fiatists and paternalists believe that the government ought to monopolize the issue of currency, but the consensus of progressive opinion certainly favors the retirement of the legal tenders and the withdrawal of the government from the note-issuing business.

This logically leads to the question of asset banking. Is Mr. Shaw an advocate of that reform? Certain expressions indicate that he is, yet his caution and reserve show that he is by no means a radical on the question. Here is what he said in one of his speeches:

"I repeat that currency based on assets contains, in my judgment, no element of danger, except popular prejudice. This will vanish as the question is discussed and explained by those who make a study of it. The depositor would be in no worse condition than now."

But in the same speech he declared that elasticity could be secured without resorting to asset banking, and that he recognized "a public prejudice, akin to fear, against a currency based on assets, and prejudice, so long as it exists, constitutes an element of danger, even when the thing itself against which the prejudice lies contains no element of danger." Asset banking is not a question of "practical politics." It will come gradually and as the result of evolution. There will first be provision for emergency circulation and for branch banking—reforms demanded even by the most conservative.

POLITICAL DRIFT.

☞A Denver newspaper solemnly announces that Mr. Bryan has not been a success as an editor. When was Mr. Bryan ever an editor?—Detroit Free Press (Dem.).

☞It is recorded of Gov. Shaw, now secretary of the treasury, that he never foreclosed a mortgage, though holding many. No wonder Wall street doesn't like him.—Cincinnati Commercial Tribune.

☞Bryan's one-horse press has not power enough to let loose all his verbiage, and he is going on a lecture tour more to turn a nimble sixpence than to convert the public to his political views, that tune on his well-worn fiddle being played out some time ago.—N. Y. Tribune.

☞The situation as regards the democratic minority in the house of representatives at Washington is fairly and tersely set forth by the St. Louis Globe-Democrat: "Mr. Richardson, of Tennessee, is trying to figure out how he can lead a minority marching in several different directions and ready to claw each other." And the more he tries the less is he able to learn where he is at.—Troy Times.

☞On the whole, it has been a pretty good old year. There is no haste to see it go and make an end of it. There has been general prosperity in the United States, and the welfare of Albany has steadily advanced. The one great sorrow of the year—the assassination of President McKinley—was followed by no great disturbance to business and there was no abatement of the country's material prosperity. Let us hope that the new year will make as good a record.—Albany Argus (Dem.).

STOLE GEMS.

A Very Strange Case Develops in New Orleans.

New Orleans, Jan. 16.—George I. Kline, of St. Louis, and Robert L. West, of Cincinnati, were arrested across the river Wednesday morning, charged with robbing the trunk of T. E. Manners, of Chicago, of about $2,500 of jewelry. They are alleged to have represented themselves as Manners and another guest, at the St. Charles, paid the bills, and left with their baggage. They crossed the river in a skiff and were caught before the train came on which they expected to leave, through the watchfulness of a newsboy who had read the story in the newspapers.

Later in the day Manners went over to identify the property and Kline accused him of being a thief under an alias. As the whole affair had a suspicious appearance Manners was also arrested. The police believe he may be Kerns, the New York jewelry thief, and Chief of Detectives Titus, of New York, sent a telegram here which strengthens the idea. Manners claims that he is with his father in the pawn brokerage business at Chicago, and that the jewelry taken was unredeemed pledges that he was trying to dispose of.

Fifty diamond pins, a gold watch, a diamond brooch and some pearls are in the lot.

New York, Jan. 16.—Capt. Titus, of the detective bureau, said late last night that he had received dispatches from New Orleans which said that a man believed to be the missing valet Kerns, who is accused of having robbed Paul G. Thebaud, of $50,000 worth of jewelry here, was under arrest there. He added that he had received a detailed description of the man under arrest and that he believed him to be Kerns. He said the description tallied very closely, even to the gold tooth Kerns had. He said steps would be taken looking toward the complete identification of the arrested man. If this is established requisition papers will be applied for if necessary.

Chicago, Jan. 16.—There is no pawnbroker in this city named Manners and the officials at police headquarters declare that they do not recall any pawnbroker of that name. According to the city directory there are only three men named Manners in Chicago. One is a painter, one a laborer and the third a janitor.

KLONDIKE AND ALASKA.

A Bunch of News from the Gold Fields of the Far North.

Port Townsend, Wash., Jan. 16.—The latest advices from Dawson were brought yesterday on the Cottage City by Charles Berryman, who left the Klondike capital the latter part of December. Berryman says there is a stampede from Dawson for Henderson creek, near Stewart river. He reports that several thousand men are on the creek and all claims have been staked.

During the winter the gambling element in Dawson has resorted to all kinds of schemes to induce the authorities to permit the opening of gambling, without success.

Preliminary work has been commenced on one of the largest and longest mining tunnels in the world near Juneau, Alaska. The tunnel will be more than 8,000 feet long and will be started on the beach south of Juneau and run into the mountains to tap a large number of claims in the Silver Bow basin. A large mill will be built on the beach where it can be operated the year round. It is said that the tunnel will cost in the neighborhood of $2,000,000.

Spinners Strike.

Maynard, Mass., Jan. 16.—The Assebet mills of the American Woolen Co. here are shut down except in the carding and sorting departments, because the spinners have struck. The probability is that the entire mill will be closed unless the spinners' grievances are adjusted. This would make about 1,500 employes idle. For 30 years the company has been weighing the rope used with beam scales. Lately the scales were changed. The employes assert that this change works hardships against them. The employes also demand that for overtime they be paid ten cents per hour over the regular wages.

The Lake Carriers' Convention.

Detroit, Jan. 16.—The system of shoveling grain at Buffalo under a superintendent appointed by the Lake Carriers' association, instead of letting the contract to some individual, operated so successfully last season that the members of the association, who held their ninth annual convention here yesterday voted to continue it another year under Superintendent Thomas Kennedy. A statement was presented showing that 132,299,492 bushels of grain were handled at Buffalo in 1901.

Elections in Canada.

Ottawa, Ont., Jan. 16.—Much interest was taken here yesterday in the federal elections. The conservatives' greatest surprise was the victory of Archie Campbell in West York. He reduced a conservative majority of more than 800 to a majority of about 200. West Durham, which went conservative at the last general election, has turned liberal again. The result of yesterday's voting in the nine constituencies is that seven have gone liberal and two conservative.

Will Advance Wages.

St. Paul, Jan. 16.—It is semi-officially stated that the new wage schedules adopted by the Great Northern at the request of engineers and firemen operating the new and heavier freight engines, will advance the wages of engineers who have been receiving $4 per 100 miles to $4.50.

Killed in a Mine.

Clarksville, Ala., Jan. 16.—Thomas Johnson was instantly killed and John Frazer fatally injured in the coal mines at Spadra yesterday. The accident was the result of a blast.

A FIERCE BATTLE.

Sheriff and One of His Deputies Killed in Oklahoma.

Officers Tried to Capture Outlaws in an Indian Hut—The Desperadoes Escaped—Sheriff Continued to Shoot After Being Wounded.

Guthrie, O. T., Jan. 16.—Sheriff Frank Smith and his deputy, George Beck, were killed by highwaymen early Wednesday morning in the vicinity of Anadarko, the home of the officers. A posse of 100 men started immediately on the trail of the murderers, but no arrests have been reported. The posse expects a fierce fight before the men shall be taken, and it is known that the notorious highwaymen, Bob McCune, Ben Cravens and Bob Sims, are at the head of the gang in that region.

Sheriff Smith was appointed from Norman, Okla., where he had been on the sheriff's and marshal's forces for a number of years. A number of murders and robberies are charged to the gang that murdered the officers and efforts to capture them have been made by all the officers in that vicinity.

Sheriff Smith and Deputy Beck met death while storming an Indian hut eight miles west of Anadarko. Highwaymen on Sunday night had held up and robbed persons going home from church and Smith and Beck, accompanied by Deputy Briggs, located the robbers early yesterday morning in the hut. In attempting to enter Smith was shot through the breast and died in a few minutes. Beck was also shot through the breast and his left arm was shattered. Briggs was not injured. The highwaymen robbed the dead bodies of the officers and then fled.

Sheriff Smith made a dying effort to arrest the robbers and shot several times through the door and walls after being wounded. Beck continued the fight until killed.

WANT RECIPROCITY.

Cuban Sugar Planters Are Desperate in Their Pleadings With Congressmen.

Washington, Jan. 16.—The ways and means committee began hearings yesterday on the subject of Cuban reciprocity, with a large representation present from the various interests which would be affected by legislation of this character.

Edwin F. Atkins, of Boston, said that if present conditions continued Cuba probably would become so desperate as to be forced into annexation.

Mr. Louis Place, a merchant of Havana, and head of the Cuban delegation, presented the case from the Cuban standpoint. At present, he said, Cuba was buying large quantities of foreign goods, and if reciprocity was brought about with the United States, Cuba would buy American cotton goods, wine and many other articles now bought abroad. He believed this market in Cuba would amount to $250,000,000 within two years.

Francis B. Thurber, of the United States Export association, said that the primary consideration was one of good faith on the part of the United States to Cuba.

Hugh Kelley, of New York, who has large sugar holdings in Cuba, said that as an American he urged that reciprocal concessions be made. He believed that if there was no reciprocity Cuba would ask for annexation. If this occurred the voice of the American people would be for admitting the island.

Mr. Mendez, of the Cuban delegation, pictured the distress if present conditions were continued and said the loss on the sugar crop of the island this year would approximate $12,000,000.

FOR NEW EQUIPMENT.

Santa Fe Railway Management Will Spend $13,000,000 This Year.

Chicago, Jan. 16.—The Record-Herald says: The management of the Santa Fe has decided to spend $13,000,000 for equipment during the present year. This statement is made by an official of the company, who added that the money would come from the proceeds of a new issue of $30,000,000 of bonds.

Just how the expenditure is to be apportioned is not stated, but it is known that an order has been given for 5,000 box cars, 50 mammoth freight engines and 100 more engines of a smaller type, and that practically all of the passenger equipment of the company is to be renewed.

The official statement regarding the amount to be expended for equipment makes it plain what is to be done with the proceeds of the bond issue. It will take fully $12,000,000 to give the company over 800 miles of new line free from debt. This sum and the equipment appropriation taken from $30,000,000 leaves $6,000,000. Of this amount fully $2,000,000 will go toward the new terminals in San Francisco and the rest will be used for grade reductions, etc.

Bought 9,000 Acres of Land.

Cumberland, Md., Jan. 16.—It was announced here yesterday that Senator Stephen B. Elkins, of West Virginia, had bought 9,000 acres of coal land on the Sand Fork of the Little Kanawha river, at a cost of $225,000.

A Scientist Drops Dead.

Cambridge, Mass., Jan. 16.—Alpheus Hyatt, assistant professor of invertebrate paleontology at Harvard university, dropped dead here last night. He was 63 years old and served in the civil war. He was considered one of the leading zoologists of the country.

A Locomotive Explodes.

Connellsville, Pa., Jan. 16.—A Pittsburg & Western engine blew up yesterday near Broadford, on the Baltimore & Ohio railroad, and sent clouds of scalding steam over four trainmen, all of whom were badly burned. They reside at Glenwood.

THE POOR SINNER'S BELL.

Affecting Account of the Casting of a Fine Church Bell in Breslau, Prussia.

The poor sinner's bell is a bell in the city of Breslau, in the province of Silesia, Prussia, and hangs in the tower of one of the city churches. It was cast July 17, 1386, according to the historic records, says the Detroit Free Press. It said that a great bell founder of the place had undertaken to make the finest church bell he had ever made. When the metal was melted the founder withdrew for a few moments, leaving a boy to watch the furnace and enjoining him not to meddle with the catch that held the molten metal, but the boy disobeyed the caution, and when he saw the metal flowing into the mold he called the founder. The latter rushed in, and seeing as he thought his work of weeks undone and his masterpiece ruined, struck the boy a blow that caused his immediate death. When the metal cooled and the mold was opened the bell was found to be not only perfect, but of marvelous sweetness of tone. The founder gave himself up to the authorities, was tried and condemned to death. On the day of his execution the bell was rung to call people to attend church and offer a prayer for the unhappy man's soul, and from that it obtained the name of "the poor sinner's bell."

WANT DUTY SUSPENDED.

Automobilists of This Country Seeking to Have Touring Machines Freely Admitted to Canada.

Reciprocity with Canada in the matter of touring vehicles crossing the border free of duty was the chief topic discussed by the law committee of the Automobile Club of America at its session held in New York City.

Mr. George F. Chamberlain, chairman of the committee, called the attention of the members and also of Mr. A. R. Shattuck, president of the club, to customs regulations obtained in 1898 by the Canadian Wheelmen's association whereby members of either, upon presentation of their membership tickets and securing the permission of the collector of the port of export, could take their bicycles across the border duty free.

Mr. Chamberlain urged that an effort be made to obtain for touring automobilists similar privileges through like custom-house regulations by the Canadian and United States treasury departments. A committee was appointed to visit Canada for the purpose.

Find Your Place and Fill It.

It is a sad parody on life to see a man earning his living by a vocation which has never received his approval. It is pitiable to see a youth, with the image of power and destiny stamped upon him, trying to support himself in a mean, contemptible occupation, which dwarfs his nature, and makes him despise himself; an occupation which is constantly condemning him, ostracizing him from all that is best and truest in life. Dig trenches, shovel coal, carry a hod; do anything rather than sacrifice your self-respect, blunt your sense of right and wrong, and shut yourself off forever from the true joy of living, which comes from the consciousness of doing one's best.—Success.

The Lesser Evil.

A father, fearing an earthquake in the region of his home, sent his two boys to a distant friend until the peril should be over. A few weeks after the father received this letter from his friend:

"Please take your boys home and send down the earthquake."—Tit-Bits.

"Yes, they call it a 'rural play;' but it seems to me there's something lacking." "Why, so there is. There's no mortgage on the farm."—Philadelphia Evening Bulletin.

When the fiddler brings in his bill, the amount is always greater than you expected.—Atchison Globe.

THREE CHICAGO DOCTORS

Failed to Do for Miss Mabelle I LaMonte What Was Accomplished by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I was an awful state for nearly three years with a complication of female troubles which three physicians called by different names, but the pains were a the same. I dreaded the time of m

MABELLE L. LAMONTE.

monthly periods for it meant a of days in bed in awful agony. ly made up my mind that th doctors were guessing; and from different friends such g ports of **Lydia E. Pinkham's etable Compound,** I tried th bless the day I did, for it was dawning of a new life for me. I five bottles before I was cured, when they were taken I was a we woman once more. Your Compound certainly wonderful. Several of my friends have used it since, and nothing but the best do I ever hear from its use."—Yours, MABELLE L. LAMONTE, 222 E. 31st St., Chicago, Ill.—*$5000 forfeit if above testimonial is not genuine.*

If Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound could cure Miss LaMonte—why not you? Try it and see for yourself.

Mrs. Pinkham advises sick women free. Address, Lynn, Mass.

THE EARTH SHOOK.

Hundreds of Mexicans Killed During an Earthquake.

DETAILS ARE MEAGRE.

The Town of Chilpancingo was Badly Wrecked.

MANY KILLED IN A CHURCH.

Great Loss of Life Occurred Within an Edifice Where Crowds of People Were Worshipping—The Roof of the Church Fell on the People.

Mexico City, Jan. 18.—One of the most terrible catastrophes ever recorded in the state of Guerrero occurred late Thursday afternoon, when an extremely violent earthquake shock was felt at Chilpancingo, causing great loss of life and injuring many persons. Details from the stricken district are very meagre, but scattering reports received here indicate that probably 300 persons were killed and as many more injured. It is known that the state Capitol, the parish church and many business houses and residences are in ruins and there is much suffering as a result of the awful seismic disturbance.

One of the edifices that suffered most was the federal telegraph office, which explains the scarcity of news that has reached this city so far. The telegraph lines and apparatus at Chilpancingo were badly damaged, but the employes, all of whom were uninjured, quickly proceeded to erect an improvised telegraph office on the outskirts of the city.

The number of deaths was greater in the parish church than in any single place, as a crowd of worshippers were gathered there for the afternoon service. The solid roof of masonry came toppling down on the worshippers as if it had been wrenched from its bearings by a thousand strong hands.

The war department has ordered the troops in the neighborhood to cooperate in the work of rescue. Until this work is completed it will be impossible to learn accurately the number of victims. It is believed, however, that this is one of the most destructive seismic phenomena that has occurred in Mexico. The greater part of the people of Chilpancingo are now camping out under trees.

Earthquake shocks were felt in many other cities and towns.

In Mexico City the earthquake took place at 5:17 p. m. and was of such violence as to shake the most substantial buildings. The Pan-American congress was in session at the time and many of the delegates were greatly alarmed. The first movement was very sharp. It was followed by an easier oscillatory movement north-northeast to south-southwest. The duration was 55 seconds. The damage in this city was only slight.

The state of Guerrero has always been the focus of seismic disturbances. Reports received here state that the shock was very severe at Chilapa. No casualties are so far reported from there.

The earthquake was heavy at Iguala, in the state of Guerrero, destroying the parish church and many buildings in the city and neighborhood. Among the latter was the sugar mill of Gen. Frisbie, an American. The mill had just been completed and fitted up with American machinery at a cost of $200,000. The property loss is immense throughout the state of Guerrero.

The Indians Got the Money.

Dowagiac, Mich., Jan. 18.—Yesterday every man, woman and child in the Pottowattamie tribe of Indians received from Attorney Baines, of Chicago, a check for $100. On Thursday the probate judge of this county interfered and directed that the money should not be paid to the Indians, but to their guardians. The matter was argued Friday before the court, and as it was shown that the Indians were badly in need of money, the court withdrew his objection, allowing the payment to be made.

A Preacher Kills His Stepson.

Alton, Ill., Jan. 18.—Rev. Mr. Giddings last night stabbed to death his stepson, Harry Highfield, and was himself perhaps fatally injured, sustaining two fractured ribs, besides internal injuries. The affair took place three miles east of Shipman, Ill. The tragedy was the culmination of a feud of long standing between the father and son, dating from the marriage of the boy's mother, five years ago. Highfield had just returned from three years' service in the army.

An $80,000 Fire.

Detroit, Mich., Jan. 18.—Fire last night destroyed the interior of the three upper floors of a four-story building at No. 184 Jefferson avenue, occupied by Schloss Bros., wholesale clothing manufacturers, entailing a loss estimated at $80,000.

Smallpox in Wisconsin.

Madison, Wis., Jan. 18.—At a meeting of the state board of health yesterday it was decided to take vigorous steps to suppress the spread of smallpox. Secretary Wingate reported 500 cases in the state at the present time.

An Oil Boom at Boulder.

Boulder, Col., Jan. 18.—The second producing oil well near this city was opened Friday. It is half a mile distant from the first. The excitement is great, land values are rising and many persons are preparing to drill for oil.

THE WISE DOCTOR.

Doctor U. S. Senator—I Wouldn't take that, Sam! It's not good for your constitution.

Uncle Sam—Nor for your health, eh Doc?

NEELY TESTIFIES.

He Gives an Explanation About the Sales of Stamps—He Denies Giving Money to Reeves.

Havana, Jan. 18.—At Friday's session of the court which is trying the charges growing out of the Cuban post office frauds, C. F. W. Neely was called and examined by the fiscal. Neely said that when the stamps were burned a certain amount were reserved for collectors, but that he did not know how many, and that after the sales to collectors, fell off he gave the surcharged stamps to Senor Moya, a Cuban stamp clerk in the Havana post office, instructing Moya to sell them. He asserted he took the money resulting from these sales and put it in the vault. Neely made no record of these stamps.

Neely denied having any interest in the Cowan Printing Co., of Muncie, Ind., and said that he had not received $3,600 as coming from the lock box company that put in the lock boxes to Havana post office. He explained that this company was the lowest biddder for that work. Neely was confronted with Reeves, who reiterated his statement that Neely gave him $4,600 before leaving to make the books tally. Neely answered that this was not so, and said he was with an employe of the post office at the hour named by Reeves in his statement. At the request of Neely's counsel this employe will be summoned to testify.

What Will He Say?

Chicago, Jan. 18.—Rear Admiral Schley has reserved his first public utterance since the recent famous Sampson-Schley controversy and court of inquiry for a Chicago audience. When the hero of Santiago stands before the banquet board as the guest of honor of the Hamilton club at the Auditorium, a week from to-night, it is expected he will say something of national interest. Official announcement to this effect was made last night by President Munger, of the club. Just what the tenor of the admiral's remarks will be is not definitely known.

A New Railway Project.

Warren, O., Jan. 18.—A plan whereby the Pennsylvania and the Baltimore & Ohio roads are to get a direct Cleveland-Pittsburg route via the Mahoning Valley, developed Friday. Options are being secured for the building of a line to connect the Pittsburg, Youngstown & Ashtabula branch of the Pennsylvania lines at Niles with the B. & O. at De Forest. Each company will then use its own line from Pittsburg to Niles. Both will use the B. & O. line from Niles to Ravenna and the Cleveland & Pittsburg between Ravenna and Cleveland.

As to Prince Henry's Visit.

Washington, Jan. 18.—William Downey, a member of the firm building Emperor William's yacht, called at the White House yesterday and it was decided that the launch shall occur February 25. There is little doubt that Prince Henry will be able to accept some of the invitations tendered by various cities. The committee here will arrange a program which will take him as far west as St. Louis, and it is possible that Charleston will be included in the return trip. The prince's American visit will last only 16 days in all.

Four Miners Killed.

Joplin, Mo., Jan. 18.—In a cave-in at the Ada mine at Carterville, near here, Friday, four miners lost their lives, another was injured fatally and several others were seriously hurt. The accident was caused by a premature explosion of dynamite, which blocked the entrance to the mine.

Agreed on Arbitration.

Mexico City, Jan. 18.—The atmosphere of the Pan-American conference was suddenly cleared yesterday, and, with the most excellent feeling on all sides, both the plan of compulsory arbitration and The Hague agreement passed the conference.

Young's Shortage.

Louisville, Ky., Jan. 18.—Former City Treasurer Stuart S. Young's shortage is placed at $40,520 by expert accountants who have been examining the books of the treasurer's office. Young committed suicide in November when news of his shortage was published in a newspaper.

A FALL IN PRICES.

Is Noted in Some Staples and Securities.

THE REVIEW OF TRADE.

Quotations for Manufactures are Not Affected.

RAILWAY EARNINGS GAIN.

Nothing Has Occurred to Disturb the Bright Outlook in the Iron and Steel Industry—The Volume of Wheat Exports Is Diminishing.

New York, Jan. 18.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade says: Readjustment of prices continued during the second week of January, and the general average reached a much lower point than prevailed when the year opened. Manufactured products were scarcely disturbed, but both staples and securities suffered. Business conditions are sound, liberal distribution and prompt payments being reported, except at a few southern cities.

Cotton still fails to command the price proportioned to the estimated crop, and as a consequence the return to growers is insufficient to sustain business at the rate established by the previous year's most profitable yield. Transporting interests are less behind with deliveries, and railway earnings for the first week of January show gains of 7.4 per cent. over last year's phenomenal figures.

Nothing has transpired to disturb the bright outlook in the iron and steel industry. Deliveries of fuel are less delayed and furnaces operate more fully, while mills receive material with a fair degree of promptness. Quotations are maintained firmly, especially for pig iron.

Footwear producers have made a general advance of from 2½ to 5 cents. Wholesalers have not altered lists. Stocks of cotton goods are not burdensome, and demands gradually expand with the advancing season, especially for fine grades. Woolen goods opened lower than expected, and purchases were retarded rather than stimulated by the declines. Changes were few and small.

Grain reacted sharply from the high point, and a large western operator was caught with more than he could carry. Another unsatisfactory feature was the recent falling off in foreign demand, official figures for December showing smaller exports of wheat than for any month of the calendar year, although for six months of the crop year there still appears a gain of about 50,000,000 bushels over the corresponding months of 1900.

Failures for the week numbered 334 in the United States, against 325 last year, and 40 in Canada, against 43 last year.

A Famous Yachtsman Dies.

New York, Jan. 18.—Capt. Joseph Ellsworth, one of the best known American yachting captains, died last night at his home in Bayonne, N. J., aged 71 years. In 1885 he sailed the America's cup defender Puritan against the Genesta and won all the races. In the following year he commanded the cup defender Mayflower and won against the challenger Galatea.

The Ship Subsidy Bill.

Washington, Jan. 18.—The senate committee on commerce yesterday authorized a favorable report on Senator Frye's ship subsidy bill. The democratic members of the committee voted against reporting the bill. They also voted to strike out the general subsidy provision of the bill. The committee made several amendments to the bill. The most important were: Allowing mail carrying vessels under the bill to be either iron or steel, instead of steel only, as originally provided, and another reducing to 1,000 gross registered tons the vessels receiving a bounty.

CHIEF OF ORDNANCE.

Young Man Now in Charge of Important Department.

A Few Weeks Ago William Crozier Was a Plain Captain, Now He Holds the Rank of Brigadier General in the Army.

The president recently appointed Capt. William Crozier, of the ordnance department to be chief of the bureau of ordnance of the army with the rank of brigadier general, to fill the vacancy caused by the retirement of Gen. A. R. Buffington, on account of age.

The appointment of Gen. Crozier was made largely upon the recommendation of Secretary Root, who has become very favorably impressed with Gen. Crozier's ability, and who desires to surround himself with active men of high professional ability in the conduct of the military establisment. Gen. Crozier has demonstrated his ability in nearly every department of ordnance, and has shown a wide knowledge of all affairs pertaining to his profession. He was the military member for the United States delegation at The Hague peace conference, and assisted in bringing about the agreement finally reached for more humane conduct of war.

Gen. Crozier is a native of Ohio, but was appointed to the military academy from Kansas in 1872. When he graduated in 1876 he entered the artillery, and was transferred to the ordnance in 1881. He became a captain in 1890, after 14 years' service. During the Spanish war he served as a major and inspector general of volunteers. During his career as ordnance officer he has given the strictest attention to guns and gun carriages, and was a joint inventor, with Gen. Buffington, who retired

GEN. WILLIAM CROZIER.
(Chief of the Bureau of Ordnance of the Nation's Army.)

the other day, of the Buffington-Crozier disappearing gun carriage.

The following is an official statement of his military record:

He joined his regiment October 20, 1876, and served therewith at Fort Robinson, Neb., to November, 1876; in the field with the Powder river expedition to December 29, 1876; at Point San Jose, Cal., to February 21, 1877; at Yerba, Buena Island, Cal., to April 3, 1877; at Point San Jose, Cal., (on field service from June 25 to October 2, 1878), to July 21, 1879; as assistant professor of mathematics at the United States Military academy from August 28, 1879, to August 28, 1884; on duty at Watertown arsenal, Mass., to November 1, 1886; on sick leave of absence to November 1, 1887; on duty in the office of the chief of ordnance at Washington, D. C. (on special ordnance service in Europe from November 24, 1888, to December 4, 1889, and on sick leave from May to November, 1891), to February 14, 1892; member of the ordance board at New York city (commanding Sandy Hook proving ground, N. J., from July 22 to August 23, 1893) and on inspection duty to December 16, 1896; on duty in the office of the chief of ordnance at Washington, D. C., and on inspection duty to April 17, 1899; member of the peace commission at The Hague, Holland, to September 28, 1899, when he rejoined Washington, D. C., and was on duty at the office of the chief of ordnance until November 16, 1899; en route to and on duty in the division of the Philippines to July 14, 1900; chief ordnance officer of the China relief expedition to August 31, 1900; on duty at Washington, D. C., in connection therewith to January 18, 1901; member of the ordnance board with station at New York arsenal, N. Y., to present date.

Some difference of opinion exists among army officers as to whether Gen. Crozier's appointment is permanent or whether iit is a detail of four years under the army reorganization law. The opinion of several gentlemen versed in military law is that the appointment is permanent and that the detail of four years provided for in the reorganization law applies only to the line officers detailed as chiefs of bureaus. Gen. Crozier will not retire until 1919, and if the contention is sustained that his appointment is permanent, his term as chief of ordnance will be nearly 18 years, and will preclude the possibility of any of the officers that rank him securing that grade.

Uncle Sam Is Liberal.

A cadet in the United States navy is paid as highly as a lieutenant in the British navy.

Mortality from Cancer.

In England the mortality rate from cancer has risen from 3 8 per 10,000 in 1864 to 8.4 in 1900.

ON A BRIBERY CHARGE.

An Ex-Speaker of the Michigan House of Representatives Is Being Tried.

Mason, Mich., Jan. 15.—The trial of Edgar I. Adams, speaker of the house of the Michigan legislature of 1899, charged with taking a bribe, began Tuesday before Judge Wiest, in the Ingham circuit court. It is alleged that Charles H. Pratt, agent of the West Publishing Co., of St. Paul, tried to secure the passage of a joint resolution through the legislature to have each county in the state supplied with the reports published by his company and that $20,000 was deposited in the First national bank, of St. Paul, to be used as a corruption fund and against this deposit Pratt drew two checks of $5,000 each and five of $2,000 each.

Land Commissioner French, it is alleged, received $14,000, and Speaker Adams $6,000 to be used in putting the deal through. The joint resolution failed and the checks were returned to Pratt and destroyed. Pratt was convicted November 2 of bribery and appealed.

Mason, Mich., Jan. 16.—At the resumption yesterday of the trial of ex-Speaker E. J. Adams, of the house of representatives, on the charge of accepting a bribe, Attorney Groesbeck filed a petition asking that the service of the subpoena on Witness Charles H. Pratt, who has been convicted of offering a bribe to Adams, be set aside and he be permitted to return to Chicago. Mr. Groesbeck argued that Pratt resides in Chicago and came to Mason at this time by order of the court made at the time of his conviction, November 2, that therefore his attendance was involuntary and for that reason he was exempt from supoena during his coming and going.

The court held the service of the cubpoena to be good and the prosecution called Pratt to the witness stand. Pratt refused to testify, claiming his constitutional privilege. Judge Wiest ruled the interrogatories proper and directed the witness to answer. Pratt still declined and the court held him guilty of criminal contempt of court and committed him to the county jail for 30 days.

MR. BABCOCK'S BILL.

It Would Put Many Steel Products on the Free List.

Washington, Jan. 15.—Representative Babcock, of Wisconsin, on Tuesday introduced a bill placing a number of articles in the iron and steel schedule on the free list and materially reducing the duties on other articles throughout the iron and steel schedule.

Mr. Babcock made the following statement summarizing the measure: "The bill affects only the iron and steel schedule of the Dingley act. It differs from the one I presented last session in several important features. This bill has been drawn with careful attempts to meet present conditions intelligently. It is an effort to maintain the theory of protection in accordance with the best republican traditions, and to prevent the party from becoming responsible, by non-action, for schedules that have been outgrown by changed conditions and are made use of by combinations to extort unreasonable prices from domestic consumers.

"The bill represents the views of many intelligent men who are themselves interested in the steel industry and who are experts in all matters touching upon this subject.

"I have placed the heavy products of the furnace on the free list, such as iron and steel in slabs, blooms, loops, beams, girders, joists, and all structural iron or steel, boiler and ship plates, steel rails, steel ingots, billets and bars.

"The steel and iron schedule is very complicated, and the placing of these articles on the free list required the readjustment of nearly all of the paragraphs in schedule C. After numerous conferences with iron and steel manufacturers, these paragraphs have been amended upon strictly protective lines; that is, each article is given full protection as compared with the cost of production in other countries, which still leaves a margin in our favor."

SURRENDERED.

Full Force of Gen. Marisigan Gave Themselves Up to Gen. Bell on the 10th.

Manila, Jan. 15.—The full surrender of the force of Col. Marisigan, who, with Maj. Cabrera and a renegade priest named Castilla, gave themselves up, January 10, to Gen. Bell, who is conducting the campaign against the insurgents in Batangas province, occurred Monday at Taal.

The insurgents created a surprise by bringing in 60 more rifles than the authorities thought Marisigan could command in the district of Taal, which he controlled. The Filipinos who surrendered included three colonels, one major, five captains and 12 lieutenants. They gave up 219 rifles and one cannon. All the insurgents who surrendered did so unconditionally. Gen. Bell ordered the men to be released.

Col. Marisigan says he can prevail on many more men to surrender during the next few days, and also obtain possession of a number of additional rifles.

Marisigan, the colonel, was a leader of importance under the insurgent general, Malvar, operating in the western part of Batangas. That section is reported now to be practically clear of hostile forces.

Phillips Fails Again.

Chicago, Jan. 15.—A notice was posted at the opening of the board of trade yesterday calling for the closing of all open deals with George H. Phillips, the former "corn king." A heavy call for extra margins is said to have been the cause of the posting of the notice. The trouble is said to have been due to a 3½ cent break in rye. Jacob Ringer, attorney for Mr. Phillips, gave out a statement saying that his client had been practically wiped off the financial slate. "He is 'broke,'" said Mr. Ringer.

A TRAIN HELD UP.

Masked Men Did the Job in Indian Territory.

It Proved Very Unprofitable, However, for the Robbers, as They Only Secured About $3—A Few Other Details of the Incident.

Fort Smith, Ark., Jan. 17.—The southbound Kansas City Southern passenger train was "held up" Wednesday night half a mile north of Spiro, I. T., by seven masked men. The express and mail car were entered. The local safe in the express car was opened.

The scene of the robbery is 15 miles from Fort Smith. United States marshals are scouring the country in search of the robbers. Three suspects, miners, have been arrested and taken to Poteau, I. T.

Spiro is a small station near the Arkansas river in Indian Territory. It is a desolate place in the timber, which affords good cover for a robbery. Poteau, the second station south from Spiro, was the scene of a former train holdup.

The robbers flagged the train between Spiro and Redland. While two of the seven men covered the engineer and firemen with revolvers, others forced a porter who had appeared on the steps of the forward coach, to uncouple the baggage car from the rest of the train. John Block, a traveling salesman from Fort Smith, alighted from the train and was about to fire upon one of the robbers when he was prevented by Conductor Sullivan.

The baggage car uncoupled, the engineer was compelled to pull up the road a distance of one mile. There the robbers, after disarming the messenger, went through the baggage and mail car. Their work finished, one of the robbers handed the messenger the revolver taken from him and all made for the woods.

Postal officials here deny that any registered mail was taken and the express officials say that one package containing $3 covers their loss.

TROUBLE IN A MINE.

Battle Between Silver Miners and Ore Thieves—The Robbers Escaped.

Victor, Col., Jan. 17.—A desperate battle 400 feet under ground between ore thieves and officers and trusted employes occurred Thursday in the Independence mine on Battle Mountain. Between 50 and 75 shots were exchanged between the opposing parties. Lee Glockner, a member of the company's force, was shot twice, but not seriously injured.

The fight was most determined, but the thieves finally gained the upper hand and forced the company men to retreat toward the big shaft, giving the thieves an opportunity to escape.

The management of Stratton's Independence Co., of London, England, which owns the Independence mine, has been aware for a long time that rich deposits of sylvanite in the mine were being systematically robbed, the stealing amounting to thousands of dollars each month. Detectives were employed and it is said the thieves were detected in the act of looting a rich seam of ore. They escaped through the underground workings connected with an adjoining property.

INDIANS ON A TEAR.

They Beslege and Threaten to Loot a Bank in a Michigan Town.

Dowagiac, Mich., Jan. 17.—Three hundred Pottawattamie Indians went on a rampage last night, besieging Lee Bros.' bank, which they threaten to break open if they are not paid the money they expected to receive for signing over their claims to lake front land in Chicago. Many of the Indians are armed. The town marshal swore in a number of deputies. All other citizens kept indoors, fearing to leave their homes.

The Indians came to town yesterday to get $38,000, which was to be paid them by an agent of the Chicago syndicate to which they have signed over their power of attorney to act in the lake front land case. The Indians were to have received $100 each. Just as the agent was about to issue the money an order was received from the probate judge of the county instructing him to make payment only to the guardians of the Indians.

LOST IN THE SNOW.

Terrible Experience of Four Miners Who Were Caught in a Blizzard.

Vancouver, B. C., Jan. 17.—News reached here Thursday from Nelson, B. C., of the great sufferings of three miners and the death of a fourth from exposure in the mountains of the Slocum district, 50 miles west of Nelson. On January 4 J. P. Stevens, W. C. Thomas, S. Rockaway and M. Wall started across the mountain opposite Slocum City to visit the Bondholder claim. Before night they became lost in seven feet of drifts of soft snow on the mountain top.

They missed their way and spent three days of great suffering caused by the extreme cold and biting wind of the worst blizzard on record in that section. On the fourth day, Wall, Stevens and Thomas managed to reach a camp and at once sent back for Rockaway, who had been left exhausted on the trail. He was found frozen to death.

To be the Biggest of Its Kind.

St. Louis, Jan. 17.—The contract for the power plant of the Louisiana Purchase exposition has been awarded to the Westinghouse Electric Co., of Pittsburg. The plant is to be 10,677 horse power, and will be the biggest ever built for an exposition.

Promises to Double Each Gift.

Poughkeepsie, N. Y., Jan. 17.—It was announced in the chapel of Vassar college last evening that John D. Rockefeller had promised to double every gift made to the college before commencement day, 1902, to a sum not exceeding $200,000.

Cameron County Press

ESTABLISHED BY C. B. GOULD.

HENRY H. MULLIN,
Editor and Manager.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

Per year.....$2 00
If paid is advance.....$1 50

ADVERTISING RATES.

Advertisements are published at the rate of one dollar per square for one insertion and fifty cents per square for each subsequent insertion.

Rates by the year or for six or three months are low and uniform, and will be furnished on application.

Legal and Official Advertising per square, three times or less, $2 00; each subsequent insertion 50 cents per square.

Local notices ten cents per line for one insertion, five cents per line for each subsequent consecutive insertion.

Obituary notices over five lines, ten cents per line. Simple announcements of births, marriages and deaths will be inserted free.

Business Cards, five lines or less, $5.00 per year over five lines, at the regular rates of advertising

No local inserted for less than 75 cts. per issue.

JOB PRINTING.

The Job department of the PRESS is complete, and affords facilities for doing the best class of work. PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO Law Printing.

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

John P. Elkin for Governor.

Philadelphia Inquirer.

The Republican Committee of Indiana county has formally presented Attorney General John P. Elkin as a candidate for Governor of Pennsylvania. This county is the home of the distinguished candidate. Those persons who know him best—the men among whom he has worked his way to prominence—place him before the voters of the State. What they say of him comes from the heart.

The Inquirer has been awaiting some such opportunity as this before declaring itself. Mr. Elkin has never made his ambitions known to the public. But it may be taken for granted that the Indiana County Committee has his consent to present his name, and The Inquirer joins with that committee this morning in the hope that John P. Elkin may be the Republican candidate.

It even goes further than that. IT MAKES MR. ELKIN ITS OWN CANDIDATE, for the simple reason that it believes that there is no man better fitted to conduct the important affairs the State than the present Attorney General.

Mr. Elkin is essentially a man of the people.

His career is one that the young men of Pennsylvania might study with profit to themselves.

He is self-made in every sense of the word.

He was born in a log house in Indiana county. As a child he battled his way through the snows and across the fields for a mile and a half—a three mile trip each winter's day to and from the primary school. He worked on the farm. Later he helped his father in a country store, meanwhile pursuing his studies. When the family removed to Wellsville, Ohio, where a company for the manufacture of tin plate had been organized, he was obliged to work in the mills at day labor, because the capital which his father had invested had been exhausted. At fourteen he gained admittance to the high school, and left it at the head of his class. He returned to his old home in Indiana county, taught school and fought his way through the Indiana Normal School. From there he went to the University of Michigan, paying his way by his own hard work, and when he was graduated from the law school he was selected as the orator of his class.

That is the manner in which John P. Elkin has made his way through life until he has reached the responsible position of Attorney General of Pennsylvania.

It is a story which, when told in detail, must appeal to every person who loves to see a man force his way through the world unaided and alone.

Indiana county prides itself upon the fact that it has never lost a fight to the Democrats. This is a splendid record undoubtedly. But Indiana county must have something more than party fealty at its back when it presents a candidate for Governor. Fortunately it has that something. It has a man, a son of the soil, of the country store, of the tin mills, who is without blemish, WHO CAN FACE HIS POLITICAL FOES WITH CLEAN HANDS, who can defy them all, who is not called upon to offer one word of excuse for any act of his own.

SUCH A CANDIDATE IS MATCHLESS.

And because John P. Elkin is a matchless candidate The Inquirer supports him.

His enemies say that legislative districts will be lost. That is nonsense. They would say the same thing no matter whose shoulders the mantle of nomination might fall.

They say that Congressional districts will be sacrificed. That is childish. If a man of the people cannot be elected Governor and command respect then no Republican can be chosen.

The interest of the Inquirer has always been that of the Republican party. It believes in Republican principles. The Republican party has made the United States the greatest nation on earth. It would do nothing that would in its opinion bring reproach upon that party or would hinder it in its great work of progress.

When, therefore, it casts ALL its influence with Indiana county's candidate for Governor, it does so with its eyes wide open and in the absolute belief that no man is safer, that no man can better lead the Republican Party to victory than John P. Elkin.

Pennsylvania loves a self-made man. And so does the Inquirer. Indiana county's candidate—and the Inquirer's candidate—is just such a man.

There is no doubt whatever that Mr. Elkin will have the support of the Philadelphia delegates. But he is preeminentlly the candidate of the country, and the Philadelphia delegation will but add its great weight to the majority to make his nomination practically unanimous. The country itself outside of Philadelpia will alone furnish enough delegates to nominate triumphantly a man who has not got to go upon the defensive. Those who try to put him in such a position will, we think, quickly discover to their discomfort that defense is needed on their own part, not on his.

Mr. Elkin has always been in touch with the people because he is of the people. He has been brought up in the schools of the people and he has taught the schools of the people. He has had experience in the mills, and he knows what hard work means and what the people need.

Such a man the Inquirer accepts and it gladly supports Indiana county in offering him to the people.

FOR GOVERNOR OF PENNSYLVANIA—JOHN P. ELKIN.

And he will be nominated and elected by an overwhelming majority.

WILL PROTECT LABOR

Senator Penrose Meeting the Great Question of Chinese Exclusion.

OPPOSITION NOW DEVELOPING

Business Interests Trading With China Have Taken a Hand In the Fight, But the Republican Party Will Not Ignor the Workingmen.

(Special Correspondence.)

Harrisburg, Jan. 21.—The insincerity of the average reformer has again been demonstrated in the present silence which has been observed among the insurgent newspapers over the question of the exclusion of the Chinese laborers.

The Pennsylvania insurgents have finally discovered that United States Senator Boies Penrose, by reason of his position as chairman of the committee on immigration of the senate, will wield great influence in shaping the legislation in congress on this subject. In an effort to cater to the labor vote some of the insurgent newspapers made a great ado over this issue some weeks ago in seeking to lead the movement for the re-enactment of the Chinese exclusion law. But things are different now. The editors of these papers have learned that Senator Penrose is the real leader in this agitation and that upon his shoulders will largely rest the responsibility of meeting the organized opposition of large capital interests for liberal legislation affecting the Chinese.

AN IMPORTANT PROBLEM.

Senator Penrose has arranged to give a hearing this week to representatives of both the advocates and the opponents of the proposed legislation to bar Chinese cheap labor from this country. It has developed that many business interests fear that if the action of congress shall be too radical on this subject trade with China will be seriously affected, and it may lead to retaliatory measures on the part of the Chinese government.

New England interests, including the Great Boston and Maine railroad, representatives of the Canadian Pacific railroad, in which a large amount of capital from the United States is invested, the Chamber of Commerce of New York, fearful of curtailment of the importing and export trade with China, and the Cotton Planters Association of the south, who ship millions of dollars worth of cotton and cotton goods to China, are among others who have requested an opportunity to be heard before Senator Penrose's committee.

On the other hand, Senator Penrose has extended a cordial invitation to all labor organizations throughout the country to have representatives at the hearings or to communicate with him direct by mail, that he may submit to his colleagues in the senate, in a practical way, the views of American mechanics and laboring men on this great question.

In conversation on this issue a few days ago, Senator Penrose among other things said: "I was not until recently aware of the many ramifications of this question of the exclusion of the Chinese laborers. I have received many communications from business men, manufacturers, importers and exporters and others on this subject, which go to show how keenly some of our commercial and manufacturing interests are considering this matter. From the outset of this agitation I have made it a point to keep in touch with representative workingmen, among them officers of various trade unions and other organizations, and I have gathered a vast fund of valuable information which will be available in framing the bill which will ultimately come from our committee.

PENNSYLVANIA'S INTERESTS.

"Throughout our own state of Pennsylvania the workingmen are fully alive to the situation, and I have had hundreds of letters from almost every section of the commonwealth insisting that there shall be no departure from the policy of exclusion of the Chinese laborers.

"The men engaged in the vast anthracite and bituminous coal fields of Pennsylvania, our great coke industries, the lumber interests and the immense iron and steel plants and the other manufacturing establishments of the Keystone state, including many thousands of workingmen, are all deeply concerned in this subject.

"Personally, my aim from the outset shall be to protect American labor from all encroachment of undesirable foreign labor, which at low wages would come in competition with the men who have served to make this country great and prosperous.

"The American home, above all, must be protected, and I am satisfied that when this issue shall be finally met in congress the Republican party, which has always been a friend of labor, will not be found wanting in appreciation of the claims of the workingmen of the country, and the courage to afford them full protection in this matter."

Children Especially Liable.

Burns, bruises and cuts are extremely painful and if neglected often results in blood poisoning. Children are especially liable to such mishaps because not so careful. As a remedy DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve is unequalled. Draws out the fire, stops the pain, soon heals the wound. Beware of counterfeits. Sure cure for piles. "DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve cured my baby of eczema after two physicians gave her up," writes James Mock, N. Webster, Ind. "The sores were so bad she soiled two to five dresses a day.' R. C. Rodson.

Rev. J. M. Yingling, pastor of the Bedford St. M. E. Church, Cumberland, Md., says: "It affords me great pleasnre to recommend Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. I have used it and know others who have never known it to fail." For sale by L. Taggart.

Anxiety is the poison of human life.

Remarkable Cure of Croup. A Little Boy's Life Saved.

I have a few words to say regarding Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It saved my little boy's life and I feel that I cannot praise it enough. I bought a bottle of it from A. E. Steere of Goodwin, S. D., and when I got home with it the poor baby could hardly breathe. I gave the medicine as directed every ten minutes until he "threw up" and then I thought sure he was going to choke to death. We had to pull the phlegm out of his mouth in great long strings. I am positive that if I had not got that bottle of cough medicine, my boy would not be on earth to-day.—Joel Demont, Inwood, Iowa. For sale by L. Taggart.

It is not the revolution that destroys the machinery; it is the friction.

Profitable Investment.

"I was troubled for about seven years with my stomach and in bed half my time," says E Demick, Somerville, Ind. "I spent about $1.000 and never could get anything to help me until I tried Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. I have taken a few bottles and am entirely well." You don't live by what you eat, but by what you digest and assimilate. If your stomach doesn't digest your food you are really starving. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure does the stomach's work by digesting the food. You don't have to diet. Eat all you want. Kodol Dpspepsia Cure cures all stomach troubles. R. C. Dodson.

The man rarely marries the woman he jokes about; she often marries the man she laughs at.

"Some time ago my daughter caught a severe cold. She complained of pains in her chest and and a bad cough. I gave her Chamberlain's Cough Remedy according to directions and in two days she was well and able to go to school. I have used this remedy in my family for the past seven years and have never known it to fail," says James Prendergast, merchant, Annato Bay, Jamaica, West India Islands. The pains in the chest indicated an approaching attack of pneumonia, which in this instance was undoubedly warded off by Chamberlain's cough Remedy. It counteracts any tendency of a cold toward pneumonia. For sale by L. Taggart.

All mankind love a lover.

Don't Live Together.

Constipation and health never go together. DeWitt's Little Early Risers promote easy action of the bowels without distress. "I have been troubled with costiveness nine years," says J. O. Greene, Depauw, Ind. "I have tried many remedies but Little Early Risers give best results." R. C. Dodson.

Life is a flower of which love is the honey.

Finds Way To Live Long.

The startling announcement of a Discovery that will surely lengthen life is made by editor O. H. Downey, of Churubusco, Ind. "I wish to state," he writes, "that Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption is the most infallible remedy that I have ever known for Coughs, Colds and Grip. It's invaluable to people with weak lungs. Having this wonderful medicine no one need dread Pneumonia or Consumption. Its relief is instant and cure certain." L. Taggart guarantee every 50c and $1.00 bottle, and give trial bottles free.

A heart without love is a violin without strings.

Child Worth Millions.

"My child is worth millions to me," says Mrs. Mary Bird of Harrisburg, Pa., "yet I would have lost her by croup had I not purchased a bottle of One Minute Cough Cure." One Minute Cough Cure is sure cure for coughs, croup and throat and lung troubles. An absolutely safe cough cure which acts immediately. The youngest child can take it with entire safety. The little ones like the taste and remember how often it helped them. Every family should have a bottle of One Minute Cough Cure handy. At this season especially it may be needed suddenly. R. C. Dodson.

Not to know love is not to live.

A Cure for Lumbago.

W. C. Williamson, of Amherst, Va. says: "For more than a year I suffered from lumbago. I finally tried Chamberlain's Pain Balm and it gave me entire relief which all other remedies had failed to do." Sold by L. Taggart.

A Life at Stake.

If you but knew the splendid spirit of Foley's Honey and Tar you would never be without it A dose or two will prevent an attack of pneumonia or la grippe. It may save your life. L. Taggart.

She loves him best who last goes out the gate.

Stop It!

A neglected cough or cold may lead to serious bronchial or lung troubles. Don't take chances when Foley's Honey and Tar affords perfect security from serious effects of a cold. L. Taggart.

A maiden's heart is a dark forest.

In Bed Four Weeks With La Grippe.

We have received the following letter from Mr. Rey Kemp, of Angola, Ind. "I was in bed four weeks with la grippe and I tried many remedies and spent considerable for treatment with physicians, but I received no relief until I tried Foey's Honey and Tar. Two small bottles of this medicine cured me and I now use it exclusively in my family." Take no substitutes. L. Taggart.

Glasses and lasses are brittle wares.

The many friends of G. H. Hausan, Engineer, L. E. & W. R. R., at present living in Lima, O., will be pleased to know of his recovery from threatened kidney disease. He writes. "I was cured by using Foley's Kidney Cure, which I recommend to all, especially trainmen who are usually similarly afflicted." L. Taggart.

Pneumonia and La Grippe

Coughs cured quickly by Foley's Honey and Tar. Refuse substitutes. L. Taggart.

Dress Well! Look Well! How?

To dress well and look well is the aim of the average man. You cannot do better so purchase one of those neat-fitting, stylish suits at

FRANK F. SEGER'S.

OUR NEW FALL AND WINTER GOODS

Will please you and the prices will make them go, make you happy, make us feel good and we will all feel good. We never boast, but will just say that, as every one knows, our stock is large and just what you want to see.

Every department is fully up to date.

FRANK F. SEGER.

East Allegheny Ave.

YOUR FAITH will be as strong as ours if you try

Shiloh's Consumption Cure

and ours is so strong we guarantee a cure or refund money, and we send you free trial bottle if you write for it. SHILOH'S costs 25 cents and will cure Consumption, Pneumonia, Bronchitis and all Lung Troubles. Will cure a cough or cold in a day, and thus prevent serious results. It has been doing these things for 50 years. S. C. WELLS & Co., Le Roy, N. Y.

Karl's Clover Root Tea corrects the Stomach

KIDNEY DISEASES

are the most fatal of all diseases.

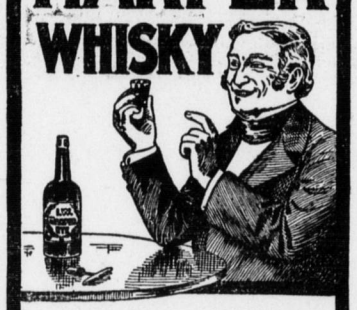
FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE Is a Guaranteed Remedy

or money refunded. Contains remedies recognized by eminent physicians as the *best* for Kidney and Bladder troubles.

PRICE 50c. and $1.00.

L. Taggart, Emporium, Pa. 36-28.

HARPER WHISKY



A DELIGHTFUL BEVERAGE,
A SAFE STIMULANT,
A GOOD MEDICINE.

For sale by
WM. McGEE.

Clothing.

The past year has been a record breaker in our business, and we will not stop here, but will make a special effort by giving the people better values so as to increase our business still more.

OVERCOATS AND SUITS FOR MEN AND BOYS.

Our assortment of Men's and Boys' Suits and Overcoats is extraordinary large and we can please you if you are thinking of buying a suit, at prices that will be much lower than elsewhere.

NEW PANAMA HATS.

NEW STIFF HATS.

We have a nice line of these popular hats and invite the gentlemen to inspect our stock. We are always pleased to show goods.

GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS.

We have taken especial care to keep our assortment of Furnishings complete in every detail.

LADIES' FURS.

We carry the most handsome stock of Ladies Furs in this section of the state and our prices are moderate, considering the quality of goods we handle.

Jasper Harris,

The People's Popular Clothier.

Balcom & Lloyd.

Prepared For the Season

We have opened and are displaying a choice line of . .

FANCY DRY GOODS

specially selected for the . .

Winter Season.

We have gathered such articles as combine elegance with utility and at

Very Reasonable ~ Prices ~

Balcom & Lloyd.

EMPORIUM
MILLING COMPANY.

PRICE LIST.
Emporium, Pa., Dec. 10, 1901.

NEMOPHILA, per sack	$1 15
Graham, "	60
Rye "	60
Buckwheat, "	70
Patent Meal, "	55
Coarse Meal, per 100,	1 60
Chop Feed, "	1 60
Middlings, Fancy "	1 60
Bran,	1 50
Corn, per bushel,	89
White Oats, per bushel,	62
Choice Clover Seed, Choice Timothy Seed, Choice Millet Seed, Fancy Kentucky Blue Grass,	At Market Prices.

R. C. DODSON,
—THE—
Druggist,
EMPORIUM, PA.

IS LOCATED IN THE CORNER STORE.
At Fourth and Chestnut Sts..

R. C. DODSON.
Telephone, 19-2.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

PERSONAL GOSSIP.

Contributions invited. That which you would like to see in this department, let us know by postal card or letter, personally.

Mr. and Mrs. Thos. McGrain are rejoicing over the arrival of their first boy baby.

Mrs. J. M. Gillon, of Towanda, is guest of Dr. and Mrs. Smith, visiting her many Emporium friends.

Mrs. Fred Linsel, of Wilcox, visited her mother Mrs. Ida Hamilton at this place, several days last week.

Mrs. M. H. Terwilliger is seriously indisposed, the PRESS as well as her many friends will regret to learn.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. J. LaBar pleasantly entertained a party of lady and gentlemen friends yesterday afternoon.

Jasper Harris made Olean a business visit Monday. Mr. Frank McCabe had charge the store in Mr. Harris' absence.

Mrs. Samuel Faucette, who has been seriously ill for several weeks, her many friends will be pleased to learn is improving.

Joseph Kaye, a member of the firm of C. B. Howard Company, left for Wisconsin on Monday, to inspect a large timber tract.

A. J. Turley came down from Sizerville yesterday and transacted business. While in town he made the PRESS sanctum a visit.

F. T. Beers, employed as chemist by Climax Powder Company, at this place, has been elected a member of the American Chemical Society.

Mrs. W. Garrity has been a very sick lady for several days but we are glad to hear her condition, under Dr. Smith's careful treatment, is improved.

John Johnson, Esq., of Watson Farm, Forest county, and James Johnson, Esq.. Erie, Pa., brother and nephew of W. D. Johnson, Esq., of this place visited the latter during the past week and evidently were royally entertained by W. D., who never does anything by halves.

The other evening T. EUGENE, the little son of Mr. and Mrs. Theo. Newton being ill for some time with a bad cold, his mother being in the habit of using camphorated oil through mistake got hold of the carbonic acid and applied it on the child's breast before noticing the mistake, burning the child severely. Dr. Bardwell was quickly summoned and the child is doing nicely under his careful attention.

John Cruise, Will Auchu and Bert Hillyard drove over to Austin last Sunday and enjoyed (?) being dumped in in the snow.

Mrs. Chas. Krebbs, who has been receiving treatment at Williamsport Hospital, returned home last Saturday, slightly improved.

Miss Edna Warner returned to Philadelphia last Friday and entered a business college for the purpose of taking a full business course.

C. H. McCauley, Esq., of Ridgway, one of the most prominent attorneys in this section of the state was an Emporium visitor last Tuesday.

Little Miss Dorothy Howard, Mr. and Mrs. Josiah Howard's only child, was quite ill with pneumonia the past few days, but is better now under Dr. Heilman's treatment.

Rev Mr. Robertson, Rector of Emmanuel church, left this morning for Pittsburg to attend a church convention. Mr. Josiah Howard will conduct the church service next Sabbath.

Amos Barber, of Driftwood, one of our oldest and most respected citizens as well as valued subscribers was a welcome caller today and pushed the date on his PRESS ahead another year.

Mrs. Gordon Baker has been very dangerously ill for several days but we are pleased to inform our readers that, at the hour of going to press, Dr. Bardwell reports her condition improved.

T. M. Matteson and wife came over from Norwich, where they have a farm, last week, to spend a few days at their home near Emporium. Mr. Mattison was a very welcome PRESS caller yesterday.

Do Not Salt your Sidewalks.

It has been observed recently that many of our business men use salt to remove the snow and ice from the pavements in front of their stores. An exchange cautions its readers regarding the matter as follows: "Do not salt your sidewalks. Snow is preferable to a mixture of salt and snow, the temperature of which is fifteen degrees lower than that of the surrounding air. The brine slush is a prolific pneumonia breeder and is prohibited in cities. Use sand or ashes on the walks instead of salt."

Responsible For Soup Houses.

Since the starved years of 1894, '95 and '96, when Tariff reform and soup houses were concomitants, the remark that Free-Trade was the cause of soup houses has been a favorite one with many newspapers and public men. The Louisville "Courier-Journal" the other day tried to wipe away altogether the causal relationship posited for them, asserting in substance that the reasoning which joined them causally was utterly fallacious, being in the nature of propter hoc reasoning. We discussed in this column a short time ago the relationship between Tariff revision and soup houses. We repeat what we held then, that the Wilson act of 1894 was not the cause of soup houses, but one of the causes. It might be termed the occasion or the final cause. It would be demagogic in the highest sense to put the entire soup house burden on the back of Free-Trade.

The Democratic party during 1892 and 1893 did everything possible to help precipitate a panic. Gold exports were the order in 1892. The currency was becoming dangerously inflated by the $50,000,000 annually put out under the silver purchase act of 1890. The Argentine crisis and the failure of Baring Bros., the Londan bankers, in the following year, brought about a collapse. British capital was withdrawn from this country to meet the demands occasioned by the Baring failure. After the great wheat trade of 1891, which had temporarily relieved the situation, reaction set in. The bottom fell out of the speculative market, and in sympathy with a fresh movement abroad to get rid of American securities, holders of gold on this side began to hoard the metal. It would have been impossible to escape the consequences of the Baring panic and the silver purchase act, but it would not have been outside of possibility to mitigate the effects. The Democratic party had the opportunity of a lifetime. Yet it proceeded deliberately to pile on all the irritants it could devise. In the spring of '92 the Democrats, who had a plurality of 149 in the House of Representatives, passed by large majorities a series of bills removing import duties on wool and woolen goods, cotton bagging and binder twine. The Senate, being Republican, checked these attempts to reduce the revenue.

The Democrats were blinded by the worship of principle, principle founded in theory at that. It was a fine time to talk Free-Trade when even the high Tariff act of 1890 was beginning to show signs of inability to produce a safe revenue.

Cleveland was elected in 1892 on the Tariff reform issue. No sober minded disputant will deny that this election gave to the fears of the business community an additional filip. Great stress is put on the fact by the Free-Trade advocates that the panic of 1893 began a year before the Wilson Tariff bill was passed. Promises, where the promisors are able to carry them out, are as effective as acts. The Democrats made a promise to lower the Tariff, and after the success of the Democratic party in November, 1892, the business community was as much disturbed as if Free-Trade had actually been established. Moreover, the Democratic platform of 1892 condemed the silver purchase act of 1890 as "a cowardly makeshift," thereby intimating that Democrats stood for free coinage. Free coinage would have been the crowning folly of the Cleveland administration. Better sense prevailed in '93 and the act of 1890 was repealed. Of the 43 votes cast in the Senate for repeal, 23 were Republican votes and only 20 Democratic. In '94 the Wilson act was passed. Trade was prostrated, credit shaken and there was a deficit in the Treasury. The need for more revenue was pressing then if it ever was. Secretary of the Treasury Carlisle had devised an income tax to make up the estimated deficiency under the Wilson act, but the law providing for the tax was declared by the courts to be unconstitutional. Even if the law had gone into effect, there would not have been money collected sufficient to meet the expenses of the Government.

The cause of soup houses were many, but Free-Trade was among them and it stood pretty well up.—Albany "Journal."

Reduced Rates to the West.

Commencing March 1st and daily thereafter, until April 30th, 1902, the Wisconsin Central Ry. will sell Settlers' tickets from Chicago to points in Montana, Idaho, Oregon, Washington, and British Columbia, at greatly reduced rates. For detailed information inquire of nearest Ticket Agent, or address W. H. Allen, 621 Park Building, Pittsburg, Pa., or Jas. C. Pond, Gen'l Passenger Agent, Wilwaukee, Wis. 48-14t.

Children Poisoned.

Many children are poisoned and made nervous and weak, if not killed outright, by mothers giving them cough syrups containing opiates. Foley's Honey and Tar, is a safe and certain remedy for coughs, croup and lung troubles, and is the only prominent cough medicine that contains no opinates or other poisons. L. Taggart.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

S. E. MURRY,
PRACTICAL
PLUMBER, GAS
AND
STEAM FITTER.

I have recently added an entirely new line of Plumbing Goods to my already large stock. I handle and keep constantly in stock

GAS AND
STEAM FITTINGS,
SEWER PIPES,
GAS STOVES, ETC.

My store room is well supplied with Bath Tubs, Wash Stands, Gas Lamps and anything required in my trade. Contracts taken for all lines of work; satisfaction guaranteed.
Write me when you have any work in my line.
Out of town orders promptly attended to.

S. E. MURRY.

F. X. BLUMLE,
Emporium, Pa.
Bottler and Dealer In
BEER,
WINES,
WHISKIES
And Liquors of all Kinds.
The best of goods always carried in stock and everything warranted as represented.
Special Attention Paid to Mail Orders.
EMPORIUM, PA.

AFTER THE BATTLE
Some are found bleeding and sore, while others have a fit of the blues. Now if there should be any so unfortunate as to suffer from the effects of accidents we have the Balm for their pains and aches, let it be either for man or beast.
Our liniment and powders for horses or cattle are always the best.
Our medicines are pure and always get there. The prices are right too.
Our patent medicine department is supplied with all the standard remedies and we can supply your on short notice.
Our toilet and fancy goods department we keep up to the times.
Our Prescription department receives our closest attention and all calls answered day or night. Just touch the button. In fact we are here to do business and serve the public.
M. - A. - ROCKWELL,
THE PHARMACIST,

PATENTS DESIGNS TRADE-MARKS AND COPYRIGHTS OBTAINED
ADVICE AS TO PATENTABILITY FREE
Notice in "Inventive Age"
Book "How to obtain Patents"
Charges moderate. No fee till patent is secured. Letters strictly confidential. Address,
E. G. SIGGERS, Patent Lawyer, Washington, D. C.

TRY CHEESE SANDWICHES 15c PACKAGE.
DAY'S,
TRY NOBISCO WAFER 25c PACKAGE.
THE SATISFACTORY STORE.

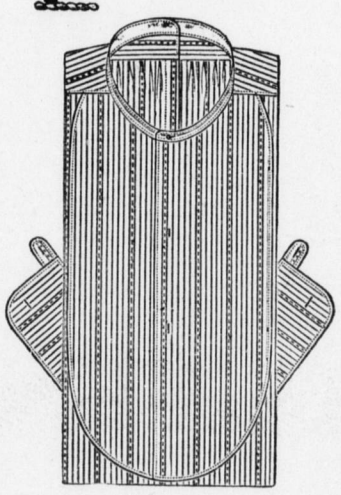
No expense or pains—so far as we are able—is spared, to make this store the most satisfactory, and therefore, most economical place to deal.
We use every precaution to avoid mistakes, but even so, they will occur occasionally. We are just as anxious to correct these errors as we are to receive your trade.
Kindly let us know at once whenever you find any cause for dissatisfaction. If in our power will take pleasure in making it right.
NEW GOODS are constantly being added to our already extensive stock. This week we offer new
CANNED SWEET POTATOES, No. 3, Tins. Extra quality, 15c. At this season of the year when the fresh article is difficult to handle you will find these goods very satisfactory.
CANNED CAULIFLOWER, No. 3, Tins, 25c.
CANNED DANDELION—Fancy quality Dandelion, packed fresh from the field, per can 18c.
SPECIALS FRIDAY AND SATURDAY.
FINE GRANULATED SUGAR, 6c lb.
PRUNES. Did you miss the bargain on those California prunes last week? We have a quantity of them left. Good value at 10c lb. Offer Friday and Saturday at 8c lb.
LEMONS—Strictly Fancy California Lemons, sound and juicy and practically seedless, per doz. 20c.
Phone 6.
J. H. DAY.

Handsome Line.
OLD RELIABLE DRUG STORE.
CHINA WARE at REDUCED PRICES
BOOKS! BOOKS! BOOKS! Don't buy until you have priced them.
DOLLS FOR THE LITTLE ONES
Comb and Brush Sets from one dollar up to four dollars.
Sterling Silver Novelties. A great variety.
If you fail to call and examine Taggart's large stock before buying you will be the looser.
L. TAGGART.

Fall and Winter Stock
OUR Fall and Winter stock of ew goods has arrived, and our store is full of bargains. - - -
The public is invited to call and examine goods and get prices. - - -
J. E. SMITH,
Sterling Run, Pa.

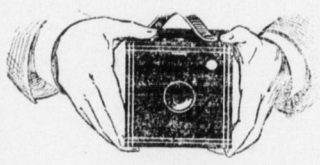
Furniture.
Everything in stock that goes to make up a first-class Furniture Store. . Will not be under sold by any one. . .
Carpets,
Oil-Cloth,
Linoleum,
Mattings.
UP IN QUALITY.
DOWN IN PRICE.
One of the best Sewing Machines in the world, sold here—the
"Domestic."
Undertaking
in all its branches promptly attended to.
You all know the place.
GEO. J. LABAR,
THE BIG BRICK STORE,
Cor. Fourth and Chestnut St.
EMPORIUM, PA.

Our New Goods.
Have arrived and we are ready for the Fall and Winter campaign.
During the past few months we have almost entirely closed out all left-over stock, therefore start in with an
Entirely New Stock.
READY-MADE CLOTHING, (Stylish make.)
ELEGANT LINE of FURNISHINGS, TRUNKS, SATCHELS, &c.
We are agents for the LION Brand Shirts and have recently received a very fine assortment of these celebrated
$1.00 SHIRTS.
"LION BRAND" TRADE MARK



They Are Beauties.
We continue to keep the.
MAC HURDLE DRESS SHIRTS.
We want every citizen of this county to call and inspect our present stock, feeling assured that you will be pleased.
R. SEGER & SON,
Next to Bank, Emporium, Pa

EASTMAN'S KODAK



You can carry it in your hands, on your shoulder, in your pocket or on your bicycle. You press the button and the Kodak will the rest.

"A Dollar Saved, is a Dollar Earned."
We can save you lots of dollars by buying your Wall Paper, Curtains and Paints of us.
H. S. LLOYD.

TO HAPPINESS.

It ain't so far to happiness—it's lyin' all around;
It twinkles in the dewdrops, flings blooms to barren ground.
It sings in all the breezes; it ripples in the rills;
It's written on green banners that wave from all the hills.

It ain't so far to happiness; we rob our lives of rest
To find it o'er broad oceans as far as east form west;
From all the dear home places in sorrow we depart,
And dream not that its dwelling place is ever in the heart.

It ain't so far to happiness; it's shining all along;
It's in the lowliest violet, it's in the thrush's song,
And hold it—ye that find it, forever to breast
Till you sleep and dream forever in the roses of God's rest.

—F. L. Stanton, in Atlanta Constitution.

The Trouble on the Torolito.

BY FRANCIS LYNDE.

(Copyright 1898, by Francis Lynde.)

CHAPTER VII.—CONTINUED.

"There are plenty of itching trigger-fingers hereabouts just now, and one of them is going to crook itself some dark night if Wykamp doesn't have a spasm of common sense. What do you suppose he's up to now?"

I made the sign of unknowledge; and Macpherson drew his chair nearer and lowered his voice in deference to the Dionysian-ear qualities of the loosely built house.

"You know his attitude toward—toward Winnie—Miss Sanborn? Well, he changed it in a day; came here two or three times and tried to see her, and when she wouldn't he began on the girl—Selter's daughter. I don't know how far it has gone, but far enough to make a family row, with the father and mother on one side and the girl on the other. Of course, Nan believes in him and stands up for him; but Jake knows, and loads his rifle accordingly."

"There'll be a murder," I ventured.

"I'm afraid of it. And at this time it would be most confoundedly inopportune. The news of the fight with the land company has gone abroad in the county and the state, and public sentiment is with the settlers. But if one of them should forget himself and happen to kill the land company's chief engineer—well you see what would happen; public sentiment would take the other side in the turning of a leaf."

"Assuredly. Can't you bring the girl to her senses?"

Macpherson grinned. "I've already burned my fingers in that fire—burned them rather badly. You haven't forgotten about the pony and the riding-lessons, have you?"

"No."

"And, besides, I have a funeral of my own and I can't furnish mourners for Wykamp's. I'd much rather furnish the corpse."

Silence, for the space of a full minute, and then I say: "You haven't found out anything more?"

"Not a syllable. I've been respecting her prohibition as much as I could, feeling as I do, and coming here every night. We meet and speak and pass, and that's all there is to it. But I've seen and heard enough to make me feel murderous; she fairly shudders at the mere mention of his name."

"I wonder what he did to her?"

"I don't know; but I'm beginning to suspect that Nan does. If—if it's anything—anything bad"—the words came hard—"it would be like the fiend to boast of it to another woman."

"You mustn't jump at conclusions, else it will be your itching trigger-finger instead of Selter's. Why do you think Nan knows?"

"I can't tell; it's in the air. I've caught her looking at Winifred in a way—but don't make me talk about it—don't make me talk about anything. Turn over and go to sleep, or I shall go away."

I was too weak to withstand him, and, truly, sleep was again knocking at the door. But when the door was opened and closed again, a dream came between and I saw Wykamp directing the work on a dam in a precipitous canyon—saw him and wondered that I had not before remarked that his ears were pointed, and that a pair of satyr-horns curled gracefully over the visor of his outing-cap.

CHAPTER VIII.

DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE.

(Winifred to Priscilla Bradford.)

Dear Prissie:

Your last letter accuses me of a lack of confidence, and it's so. I have been "talking scenery," as you say, and it is because a thing so dreadful has happened that I haven't been able to bring myself to write about it, even to you. But I shall lose my mind if I do not confide in some one; and since you have asked for a share of the burden, you shall have it.

Inasmuch as you know all the pitiful foregoings, for you I can compress the dreadful thing into three words: He is here. How he found me out I don't know; or if it were design or a mere arrow of spiteful chance; but the miserable fact remains. He is the engineer in charge of an irrigation project which involves the welfare of the entire settlement; his camp is but a short half-mile from the schoolhouse; and I am forced to see him every day. Knowing what this must mean for me, you will wonder that I did not shriek and run away at the very first. That, indeed, was the first impulsive prompting, and under other circumstances I should have obeyed it unquestioningly. But it is not so easy to disappear when one is far from the highways of travel; and there was a second thought potent enough to make me stay—and suffer.

Put together all the little odds and ends I have written about Mr. Macpherson (but you have doubtless done this long ago) and draw your own conclusion. There is fuel enough, God knows, to keep the shame-fire burning all through my miserable life, but this is not of it. Having said so much, you will understand what follows, reading between the lines if you care to.

Our first meeting—the only one in which he has had the hardihood to speak to me—was one evening when I was walking home from the schoolhouse with Mr. Macpherson. He was riding past and he recognized me, wheeling his horse to fling himself from the saddle and to add another insult to all that has gone before. Mr. Macpherson resented it promptly, like a man and a gentleman, and he—he struck him! After that, I knew I had to stay; that otherwise there would be more misery and perhaps bloodshed; and however rich his deservings, God would require his life at my hands.

So I have stayed and suffered, not knowing what a day might bring forth, and drinking the cup of terror to the dregs. Thus far, Mr. Macpherson has amply justified all my believings of him. His quarrel with the land company is quite as bitter as that of the settlers—the plans of the company, if carried out, will practically dispossess him—but he will not make it a personal matter with the engineer—for my sake, if for no better reason. So long as he does not know the shameful facts, I tell myself there is reason to take courage; but if he should find out—oh, Prissie! living as you do in the peaceful quiet of the old New England home you can't understand. But the men of these wildernesses, men reared in homes just like yours, perhaps, become terribly swift to right their wrongs with the strong hand.

You will say that, so long as I keep my secret, exposure can come only through the man who will stand a self-confessed villain in the telling; and this is true. But the dastardly hardihood of this man is past belief, and I have begun to fear that the worst is yet to come. You will recall my frequent mention of Jacob Selter's daughter. From what I have seen, there is reason to fear that she is in danger of becoming his latest victim. They are together a great deal, and Nan's dislike for me is growing day by day. What he has told her, I can only surmise; but her attitude toward me has lately changed from frank aversion to something like contempt. Merciful heaven! If he should boast to her, and it should come to Mr. Macpherson's ears—but I must not anticipate.

Write me a good long letter, Prissie, dear, and try to comfort me if you can. Lovingly,

WINIFRED.

(Richard Grantley to Eugene Halcott.)

Dear Halcott:

I was foolishly glad to hear from you again; glad to learn that Colorado has given you a little longer lease of life, if no more. Your hand-

"WHY DO YOU THINK NAN KNOWS?"

writing is so cheerfully undecipherable that I have not yet mastered your opening sentences, but I gather from a readable word here and there that you were convalescing from an attack of "barn fever," whatever that may be, when you wrote. I don't know the malady; but if you are convalescent that is the principal fact.

You are right in supposing that I know something of Wykamp. He was a classmate of mine in the school of engineering, and was with me one year on the geodetic survey. He is bad medicine in a moral way; is rather unmoral than immoral, I should say; the quality seems to have been left out of his make-up. There are localities on the Carolina coast where he doesn't dare show his face—and he is no coward, either—and even here in Boston where his people are known and respected, there are doors which will never again open to him.

The episode you refer to occurred in New Hampshire, and the facts were swiftly and deeply buried—by the young woman's people, I suppose. I haven't been able, thus far, to get at the details in any sort of sequence, but there was a marriage, which was no marriage, and a woman scorned, and all that; you know the pitiful round of such things. Without knowing anything about the merits of this particular case, I should not hesitate to lay every ounce of the burden of blame on the shoulders of the man. He's bad, as I say; and in his peculiar specialty has few equals and no superiors.

Your plan to block his present game by putting the evidence of one of his former escapades into the hands of the young woman is ingenious, but it won't work. As against the lightest word of a professed lover, all the newspaper charges in the world would weigh as hydrogen—or coronium, if that be lighter. None the less, I'll send you the newspaper clippings, if I can unearth them in the files.

Sincerely, as always,

DICK.

(President Baldwin, of the Glenlivat Land Company, to Chief Engineer Wykamp.)

Dear Sir:

Yours of the 16th, stating that you have made excavations on the site last chosen for the dam in the upper canyon is at hand.

Without going into the technicalities, I must say that I think you are mistaken. I went over the ground last year with our consulting engineer, and he is quite sure that a dam at the point where you are working will be entirely safe. Make such changes in the plan of construction as the nature of the substrata demands, and push the work with the utmost speed. With all due regard for your opinion, I will say that I have always found the members of your profession inclined to err on the side of permanence at the cost of celerity; and the work must be driven. Results are what we want.

Take another week for the excavating, and if you do not strike bedrock, put in concrete and build your dam. A change to the former location, as you suggest, is impossible. Macpherson will not sell, and he is a man of means and influence, abundantly strong enough to fight a battle which would delay us indefinitely. Moreover, the settlers are threatening, and you must keep the peace at all hazards. Your destruction of their flume and ditch was exceedingly ill-advised, and if it be not too late, I would suggest that these be replaced.

Yours truly,

JOHN BALDWIN,
President G. L. Co.

CHAPTER IX.

A MIDNIGHT VISIT.

It was well on in the month of August before I had progressed far enough on the road to convalescence to bear removal from the farmhouse at Valley Head to Macpherson's; and after the buckboard trip to the ranch at Six-Mile became a possibility, I still lingered on at Selter's, being by that time critically interested in the small tragi-comedy working itself out under my eyes as the long summer days waxed and waned. Interested, I say, but involved would be the better word. I could no longer call myself an onlooker.

If there were other reasons for my stay—if, in those short weeks which will always be marked with a red letter in any poor calendar of mine, there had come into my life a thing which common loyalty bade me triple-lock in that chamber of the heart which is at once the sanctuary and the tomb of hopes unrealized and unrealizable, I shall not unfold it here. This is Macpherson's story, and none of mine; but if I say that in those days of leaden-winged convalescence Winifred Sanborn gained an ally whose loyalty was not measured by the hope of reward, it is sufficient.

But though for me the days were as the days of the lotus eaters, the tragi-comedy went on, working out its details with relentless precision. The breach between Selter and the land company widened day by day; and Wykamp's reckless by-play with the Tennessean's daughter gave it the depth of personal hatred as between the vindictive descendant of the Redemptioners and the engineer. Macpherson was still on the side of peace, but it was evident that his influence over Selter was strained to the breaking point. In the family at the farm-house the daughter was at sword's points with the father and mother for Wykamp's sake; and though Wykamp had long since been forbidden the house. Nan met him and walked with him in open defiance of her father's interdiction.

It was in the hope that the girl might still be induced to listen to reason that I had written to Grantley; but when the forgotten newspaper story was finally in my hands I was as one who has been suddenly made responsible for the safety of a powder-magazine. For, hidden under the charitable hyperbole of the reporter who had written the newspaper account, there was a story too despicable for any recounting; the story of Wykamp's perfidy and Winifred Sanborn's dishonoring. Having the proof in my hands, I knew not what to do with it. It was incredible that it should not bring the girl to her senses; but without showing it to her I could hardly hope to make her believe it. And to put the clipping, and Grantley's letter of explanation which accompanied it, into the hands of Nancy Selter, was like setting the clockwork of an infernal machine in order and turning it over to a passion-mad girl with power to set it in motion. Bruited abroad, there was no limit to the trouble for which the story might be responsible. It would inevitably destroy what small peace of mind Winifred had been able to gather up out of the wreck of the past in the new environment. It would probably cost Wykamp his life, at the crack of the mountaineer's rifle in ambush, or at the hands of a vigilance committee upon which every man in the settlement would be eager to serve. Failing in this, it might easily make a murderer of Macpherson. I knew my friend's character and the strength of it; but there be provocations too mighty to be shackled by any promise of forbearance.

Under the circumstances I could do nothing but watch and wait; and, as the time passed, I did not dare to leave the Selter household. Slowly, and by inches, as it were, it was driven in upon me that I should be compelled to set the infernal machine in motion as a last resort, if I would not be a party to another crime; but I refrained until it became clearly evident from Nan's contemptuous attitude toward Winifred that Wykamp had given the girl his own version of the shameful tale. After that, I waited only for what might promise to be a fitting opportunity.

The opportunity came one day when Selter was afield, and her mother's absence at one of the neighbor's left Nan alone with me. They had slung a hammock for me under the shelter of the farm-house porch, and the girl was sitting on the doorstep, sewing. Not knowing any trajectory of indirection in such a matter, I sent my first shaft as straight as I could aim it.

[To Be Continued.]

A ROYAL SAUCEBOX.

Story of the Childhood of the Late Dowager Empress of Germany.

The late dowager empress of Germany was for so many years a prominent figure in the world's gallery of unhappy women that it is not easy to think of her as a little, laughing, golden-haired girl, with a merry tongue that often got her into trouble with her august mother, Queen Victoria; yet that is the picture of her which Vanity Fair presents.

The late queen, who brought up her children as wisely as any mother in all England, insisted among other things that they should treat all members of the household with respect, and address each member by his or her correct title.

The little princess royal frequently broke this rule, her most serious offense being a determination, which no amount of punishment checked, to call the physician in ordinary by his last name only—"Brown."

The queen, finding all other penalties futile, had finally threatened to send the princess royal to bed at the next offense, no matter at what time in the day it should occur. Walking with her mother one morning along the corridor in the palace, the little Victoria met the physician.

"Good morning, Brown!" she cried, saucily. Glancing up, she met the sorrowful and displeased eyes of her mother, and immediately added: "And good night, Brown, for I'm going to bed!"

Then, with a courtesy to the queen and the barest nod to the physician, the princess royal danced off to the nursery. As soon as she was inside the room she said, with a defiant toss of her golden, curly head:

"Please, somebody, put me to bed. I've been dis'spectful to Brown again!"

Graham's Grit.

The little story below is Lord Wolseley's tribute to the bravery of Lieut. Gen. Sir Gerald Graham, V. C., G. C. B., G. C. M. G.:

At the storming of the Taku forts Graham, who was in China with Gordon, led the sappers, whose duty it was to lay the pontoon across the wet ditch surrounding the great northern fort.

While superintending this operation he was on horseback, and being almost the only mounted officer present, afforded an easy mark to the Chinese matchlockmen, who had already picked off 15 of his sappers.

During the height of the uproar caused by the firing of the great guns and small arms, Lieut. Col. Wolseley, who was standing by Maj. Graham, having some remark to make, placed his hand on that officer's thigh to draw his attention.

"Don't put your hand there!" exclaimed Graham, wincing under the pain. "There's a jingal-ball lodged in my leg."

It was the first notice he had taken of the wound.—Youth's Companion.

"Don't Get Icy Wid Me."

Trust a messenger boy to be up on expressive slang. The particular one who had a message to deliver the other morning at the office of the general passenger agent of the Pennsylvania railroad was as tough a looking specimen as you could find in a day's journey. His cap was placed at a perilous angle on his frowsy head, tobacco stains lurked about the corners of his mouth, and he was puffing a cigarette stump. The dignified clerk who took the message scowled darkly. "Sign dat," demanded the boy, holding out his slip and expectorating copiously on the floor. "I'll have to put you out of here if you don't know how to behave," said the clerk, severely. A look of scorn passed over the boy's grim features. "Aw, don't git icy wid me, or I'll slide all over youse!" he exclaimed. Then he sauntered out whistling "Go Away Back and Sit Down."—Philadelphia Record.

Mixed Mental Pickles.

Almonds are good stepping-stones to matrimony.

It doesn't matter how much you know about the world if the world doesn't know you.

Some of the counts whom American heiresses buy are not bargains but merely remnants.

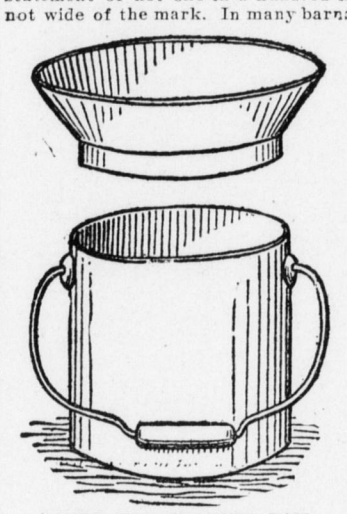
The women at a literary club meeting enjoy it much better if each one has a new pattern of Battenburg lace to work on.

Some men hate to see women standing in a crowded car, therefore they never look up from their papers. —Catherine Cain, in Judge.

KEEPING MILK PURE.

It Can Be Done If the Right Kind of Pail and Straining Apparatus Is Used.

Poor butter is very often the result of impurities that get into the milk at milking time. Cloth strainers will help matters materially, but first of all thoroughly rub the cow's udders with a piece of burlap before milking. The best pail for milking with cloth strainers can be made by the tinsmith after the pattern shown in the cut. Lay the cloth tightly over the top of the pail, then press the top piece down inside the rim of the pail. The milk cannot spatter out, and must pass through the cloth into the pail. Probably not one dairyman in a hundred is as particular as he should be in the matter of getting the milk from the cows in the cleanliest possible manner. After visiting many dairy farms and noting the filthy manner in which the cows are cared for and milked, I think my statement of not one in a hundred is not wide of the mark. In many barns



COVER FOR MILKING PAIL.

the conditions are simply disgusting, while one can rarely find a stable where a thoroughly painstaking effort is made to keep every particle of foreign matter and every foul odor out of the milk. Even under the very best conditions as regards cleanliness it is utterly impossible to keep all impurities out of the milk if the latter is drawn from the cow into an open pail, for hairs and some dust particles will be loosened from the cow by the action of the hands in milking. However, with a pail like that shown in the cut and two thicknesses of cotton cloth, or, better still, a layer of surgeons' absorbent cotton, laid between two sheets of cheesecloth and caught together here and there with thread and needle, almost absolute cleanliness can be secured. A large sheet of such a strainer can be made at once, and circles cut from it for each milking. The cotton mentioned is absolutely pure, and is of a nature to check the passage of any impurities. By the use of such a device the milk and cream will not only be practically pure, if all other precautions are taken to keep it so, but it will keep much longer than milk and cream secured under the ordinary conditions—a very decided advantage, if one ships his cream away or has a milk or cream route, for there is, perhaps, no more common complaint from customers on a milk route than that the milk or cream does not keep from one day to the next.—N. Y. Tribune.

SCIENCE IN MILKING.

Good Cows Are Frequently Ruined by Men Who Do Not Know How to Handle Them.

Milking is an operation which requires skill, as it has an important effect on the amount and quality of milk given. Dairymen know that there are as great differences between milkers as between cows and that cows will do much better with good milkers than with others. Indeed, good cows are often almost ruined by poor milkers.

The milker should avoid handling the cow more than is necessary, and he should make it a rule to do his work quickly and thoroughly. He should never go from a sick to a well cow without first cleansing his hands. The habit of wetting the hands with milk is filthy in the extreme and should never be practiced. Some people think it is necessary, but this is a mistake. The hands should be kept dry. If they are not, it is impossible to prevent drops of milk from constantly falling from them into the pail.

The pail should be held close to the udder, so as to expose the milk to the air as little as possible. The further the streams fall and the more they spray, the more dirt and bacteria they collect. Contamination from the foremilk must be avoided by discarding the first few streams drawn, or less than a gill in all. This entails little loss, as the first milk drawn is always poor in butter fat, and if it happens to be badly contaminated, as is frequently the case, much injury and trouble may be saved.—Farm, Field and Stockman.

Clean the entire body of the cow daily. If hair in the region of the udder is not easily kept clean it should be clipped.

Provide water in abundance, easy of access, and always pure; fresh, but not too cold.

ALFALFA OR LUCERNE.

Gerald McCarthy, M. S., Says It Gives a Yield Surpassing Any Other Hay Crop.

Alfalfa Medicago Sativa is one of the oldest cultivated crops. It has been cultivated for 25 centuries. Its native home is supposed to be that of the primitive Aryan stock from which all the European nations are descended. Mr. Gerald McCarthy, M. S., says that alfalfa is a very long-lived perennial plant of the pulse or leguminous family. It roots very deeply going from 6 to 30 feet deep, and as a consequence is practically drought proof when once well established. It requires a rather dry soil, rich in lime. The plant is tender and feeble when young and requires a mellow surface free from weeds with plenty of soluble plant food at hand. On worn lands this crop usually fails to catch unless the soil has been given a good dose of stable manure or bone meal just previous to sowing the seed. Once started a sowing lasts from 10 to 30 years. The dry valley and mountain lands of the Rocky mountains seem to be the home of this plant in America. It also succeeds well on the Pacific slope and in the Mississippi valley. It does well on the lighter soils of the Atlantic coast and gulf states, but requires great care to get it started. It is usually sown broadcast in early fall using about 20 pounds of seed per acre. No nurse crop is desirable. When well cared for the yield of this crop is enormous, exceeding any other hay crop.

In New Jersey four cuttings per year are obtained; in the gulf region eight cuttings are the rule. The yield is one and a half to two tons of air dry hay per cutting, giving a total yield for the year of 6 to 16 tons per acre.

One ton of this hay contains the following amounts of plant food:

Nitrogen	43.8 lbs.
Phosphoric acid	10.2 lbs.
Potash	33.6 lbs.

As with all other legumines the nitrogen comes from the air. The potash and phosphoric acid come from the soil and to keep up the yield an annual dressing of these substances equivalent to that which has been carried off in the hay must be given. Taking the average yield at six tons per acre we obtain:

Nitrogen, 262.8 lbs.	worth	$31.53
Phosphoric acid, 61.8 lbs.	worth	2.47
Potash, 201.6 lbs.	worth	8.06
Total fertilizing value		$42.06

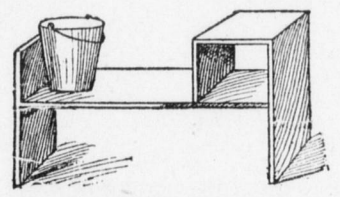
To replace the above amounts of potash will require 403 pounds of muriate of potash. To replace the phosphoric acid requires 425 pounds of superphosphate. But where the growing season is long and the temperature favorable the yield may be larger and the fertilizer must be increased proportionately. A good normal fertilizer for alfalfa is as follows:

Muriate of potash	500 to 1,000 lbs.
Superphosphate	500 to 1,000 lbs.
Lime	500 to 1,000 lbs.

MILK STOOL AND PAIL.

The Combination Here Described Is Held in High Esteem by All Who Have Used It.

We have tried several kinds of stools and have seen all styles in operation in various parts of the country, but nothing suits us so well as the style shown here, says a Michigan farmer in Hoard's Dairyman. We made the first one when we commenced dairying. The cut shows how to make it. The board A should be about 22 inches long for a tall man and about eight inches wide. The two end pieces, B and C, can be cut and adjusted to suit each milker. We made the stool so as to have the seat D about ten inches high.



MILK STOOL AND PAIL.

All pieces are about eight inches wide. It is a pleasure to use this stool. One can sit comfortably without bracing. No need of hugging the pail; simply let it rest between the knees. The pail should be tilted slightly, and, thus arranged, a good, rapid milker will spatter very little milk. This stool keeps the pail off the floor and thus keeps it clean. We prefer a heavy tin pail, slightly flaring and of good depth. A flange at the bottom is a protection and strengthens the pail.

TIMELY DAIRY NOTES.

Do not change the feed suddenly.

Salt should always be accessible.

Read current dairy literature and keep posted on new ideas.

Have the herd examined at least twice a year by a skilled veterinarian.

Do not move cows faster than a comfortable walk while on the way to place of milking or feeding.

Never allow the cows to be excited by hard driving, abuse, loud talking or unnecessary disturbance; do not expose them to cold or storms.

Feed liberally, and use only fresh, palatable feed stuffs; in no case should decomposed or moldy material be used.

Observe and enforce the utmost cleanliness about the cattle, their attendants, the stable, the dairy and all utensils.

Promptly remove from the herd any animal suspected of being in bad health, and reject her milk. Never add an animal to the herd until certain it is free from disease, especially tuberculosis.—Farmers' Review.

FOUND AMERICANS BUYING LAND AT SASKATCHEWAN, WESTERN CANADA.

A Michigan Farmer Visits Saskatoon and Is Well Pleased.

Mr. S. K. Lent was a delegate sent from the farmers of Allegan County, Michigan, to Western Canada, to report on the prospects for successful settlement. His report is as follows: I went from Winnipeg to Edmonton, thence east one hundred miles by wagon. I found the country in that vicinity a rich, black loam, varying from 12 inches to 3 feet deep; the crops are simply something enormous; wheat and oats by actual measurement often standing 5 feet in height. I have been a farmer for 40 years, and consider myself a fair judge of the yield of grain, and I saw wheat that would yield 50 bushels per acre, and oats that would yield 100 bushels per acre; not one alone but a good many. As for root crops and garden truck, in no country have I ever seen their equal for all kinds except corn and tomatoes; the nights being too cool for these to ripenwell. As a stock country it has no equal. East of Edmonton, on the head waters of the Vermillion River, I saw hay meadows containing from 10 to 100 acres, the grass standing 4 feet high, and would often cut 3 to 4 tons to the acre. From Edmonton I passed through some fine locations, namely, Wetaskiwin, Lacombe and other points.

From Macleod I went to Regina, thence to Prince Albert, 247 miles north of the main line. For the first 50 miles is fine farming country, but the next hundred miles is more of a stock country. Then at Saskatoon, Rosthern and Duck Lake I found some very fine farming country, so good that I found a party of Americans from Minnesota buying land for themselves—one party buying 12 sections, and the other 20 sections of land for themselves, which they proposed to improve at once.

I have traveled over 23 different States and Territories in our Union, and never in my life time have I ever seen such magnificent crops and especially as fine a stock country.

Hard on the Chickens.

In an Ohio town last fall the African Methodist Episcopal church of that district held a conference, and for a week the town was filled with colored pulpit orators. A few days after the conference closed its sessions one of the leading colored women of the town drove out to Pea Ridge to purchase chickens of an old mammy who had supplied the family for years. Aunt Hanna, coming to the gate, said: "I'm sorry, Miss Allie. I ain't got a chicken left. Dey all done enter de ministry."—San Francisco Argonaut.

Best for the Bowels.

No matter what ails you, headache to a cancer, you will never get well until your bowels are put right. Cascarets help nature, cure you without a gripe or pain, produce easy, natural movements, cost you just 10 cents to start getting your health back. Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the genuine, put up in metal boxes, every tablet has C. C. C. stamped on it. Beware of imitations.

Graham—"Oh, well, perfection is not to be looked for in any man." Bolton—"No, I suppose not—at any rate, not since my wife's first husband died."—Boston Transcript.

Some men are suspicious of their friends, but can always be worked by strangers.—Atchison Globe.

A BOON TO HUMANITY

St. Jacobs Oil

cures the most difficult cases of Rheumatism—after every other form of treatment has failed.

St. Jacobs Oil never fails.

IT CONQUERS PAIN

Price, 25c and 50c.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION

GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE.

Price 25 Cents | Purely Vegetable. Brent Good

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

CIVIL ENGINEERING.

Its Progress in the Nineteenth Century Has Been Truly Marvelous.

Mr. Charles Hawksley in his presidential address to the British Institute of Civil Engineers reviewed the progress of civil engineering in the nineteenth century, reports a London paper. In 1811 mail coaches took 41 hours for the journey from London to Holyhead. Even in 1837 the journey took 27 hours. The first railway for passengers came into service in 1825. During the century about $5,000,000,000 was invested in building railways. In 1840 the total number of lighthouses in the British isles was 169; in 1900 the number was 1,100. The early lighthouses were lighted by oil lamps. The oil lamps of to-day have a power of 1,800 candles and the electric arc gives the light of millions.

In 1819 the Savannah, propelled partly by steam, partly by sail, traversed the Atlantic in 26 days. In 1833 the voyage was made under steam alone and required 17 days. The voyage today is accomplished in six days or less. The largest ships formerly displaced less than 2,500 tons and now displace 15,000 tons or more. The Oceanic's tonnage is 17,274, the Celtic's is 20,904. Coal gas was first used for lighting houses in 1797. The first telegraph line dates from 1838; the first submarine cable (Dover-Calais) from 1851. Electricity was first generated by steam engines in 1831.

Such are a few of the statistics of engineering progress during the century. They show a progress toward comfort; and happiness is, more or less, a by-product of comfort, so that we have good reason to rejoice over these statistics, bold as they may seem.

Dined Under the Sea.

A diving bell was used some years ago in the neighborhood of Naples as a dining-room. The table was hung by cords from the roof of the bell, which, suspended a few feet above the water, was submerged while the various courses, of which there were 12, were being partaken by the half dozen guests. The dinner, which was cooked on board a large barge moored near at hand, was transferred to the novel dining-room when the latter was drawn above the surface during the intervals between the courses.

World's Religious Population.

At the present day, on the best authorities, there are 250,000,000 Mussulmans in the world. The Christian population is put at 447,000,000; but the increase of Islam is more rapid than that of its sister religion. Never before has there been such devotion to Mohammedanism as in India at this time under British rule.

Portable Bakeries of France.

The French army portable bakeries, which make bread from the grain, will be put on automobiles.

THE USE OF STAMPS.

Enough Issued in One Year by the United States to Girdle the Globe Three Times.

When a stamp is placed on a letter it represents one of 60 made for each man, woman and child in the United States. Enough stamps will be issued this year to supply each individual in the United States with at least 60 stamps each. Distributed among the population of the entire globe, they supply each person with postage for not less than three letters. Placed side by side in a continuous line the total issue would girdle the entire earth three times, forming a variegated ribbon around it nearly three inches in width. If spread out in the same manner across the United States the stamps would form a paper sidewalk from New York to San Francisco over three feet wide. Pasted into a stamp collector's book of the conventional size, the issue for the year would half fill 1,000,000 volumes, which, placed one upon another, would form a solid column over 25 miles high. If it is true, as Edward Everett Hale says, that the United States postal system is the greatest of popular educators, these figures will serve to show the extent of Uncle Sam's present service as a school-teacher.

DOWN IN THE WORLD.

Man Who Was Once Governor of New Mexico Working at Job Printing.

Once a United States senator from Kansas and later the governor of New Mexico, E. G. Ross is working at the case in a job printing office in Albuquerque. Here is what the Albuquerque correspondent of the Boston Transcript says of the old man: "When I called on him recently I found him in his woodyard, in the rear of his house—a rusty, bent, decrepit-looking old man. With an old handsaw he was, with painful effort, wresting from the trunk of a fallen pinion the wood with which to cook his dinner. The former senator is perforce his own man-of-all-work. His appearance in these small duties is even more pathetic than that he presents when, every evening as regularly as the neighboring whistle blows, he appears upon the streets in faded garb of ancient cut, bending upon his cane, looking neither up nor aside, recognizing no one, doing his few errands, again to return from his self-chosen isolation of the crowded streets to the greater seclusion of his home. He bears ever a hunted and a haggard look."

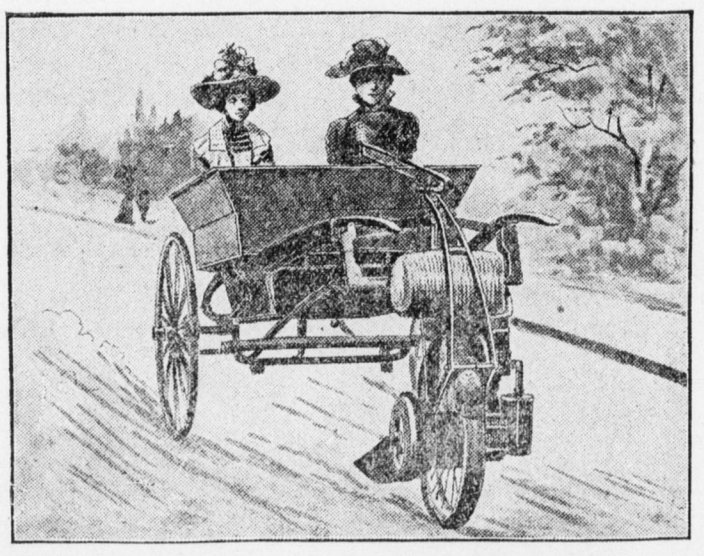
"Tipping" in Old England.

In reference to "tipping" it is claimed that there is a certain hotel in Manchester where the head boots pays the managers $1,000 per annum for his job, and that he is able to clear between $3,500 and $5,000 each year.

BOOTH TARKINGTON.

The famous American author, who will be a candidate for the legislature of Indiana, is a Hoosier clear through and takes a kindly interest in the welfare of his state. He is just 31 years old and a native of Indianapolis. After a year's study at Purdue university Mr. Tarkington entered Princeton, and after leaving that university in 1893 he began writing the stories which have since made him a popular favorite. Among his best-known books are "A Gentleman from Indiana" and "Monsieur Beaucaire." The latter is one of the daintiest little things ever written by a western author.

ODDEST OF AUTOMOBILES.



In the accompanying picture a new and unusual style of automobile is shown. Its peculiarity consists in the fact that the motor is in front. Thus it is drawn by its motor, instead of being pushed, as is the case with the ordinary automobile. Such a motor can be easily adapted to any kind of vehicle, but whether it would work well remains to be seen. This novel vehicle is an English invention, and is especially designed for the use of young women. It is rapidly becoming popular in England, and many women in Germany are also using it every day.

INDORSED BY GREAT MEN

The World's Famous Catarrh Remedy---PE-RU-NA.

Amos J. Cummings, Congressman from Tenth Congressional District, New York.

Congressman Cummings, of New York, in a letter written from New York city regarding the merits of Pe-ru-na, says the following:—

"Pe-ru-na is good for catarrh. I have tried it and know it. It relieved me immensely on my trip to Cuba, and always have a bottle in reserve. Since my return I have not suffered from catarrh, but if I do I shall use Pe-ru-na again."

AMOS CUMMINGS.

Judge A. T. Goodwyn.

Hon. A. T. Goodwyn, Congressman from Alabama, in a recent letter to Dr. Hartman, says:—

"I have now used one bottle of Pe-ru-na and am a well man to-day. I could feel the good effects of your medicine before I had used it a week, after suffering with catarrh for over a year."

Representative Sheppard, of Texas.

Congressman John L. Sheppard, of Texas, writes the following commendation of Pe-ru-na from Washington, D. C. Congressman Sheppard uses Pe-ru-na in his family and says:—

"I have used Pe-ru-na in my family and found it to be a most excellent remedy for all catarrhal complaints."

Chief Justice William Lee Chambers.

In a recent letter to The Pe-ru-na Medicine Co., Chief Justice William Lee Chambers says the following of Pe-ru-na:—

"I have tried one bottle of Pe-ru-na, and I can truthfully say it is one of the best tonics I ever used, and I take pleasure in recommending it to all sufferers who are in need of a good medicine. I can recommend it as one of the very best remedies for catarrh."

W. L. CHAMBERS.

Men of prominence all over the United States are recommending Peruna. Over forty members of Congress have written their indorsement of it. Scores of other government officials speak in high praise of it. Thousands of people in the humbler walks of life rely upon it as a family medicine. Send for free book of testimonials.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

Unexpected Happening.

Caller—Is the editor in?

The Imp—Nope. Gone home.

"Not ill, I hope?"

"Nope. Wife telephoned baby was asleep. Went home to see what it looked like."—Chicago Daily News.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is an infallible medicine for coughs and colds.—N. W. Samuel, Ocean Grove, N. J., Feb. 17, 1900.

It doubtless often occurs to the man who pays the bills that he should hear less crying for cake and more gratitude for bread and butter.—Atchison Globe.

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c

Fame is something that makes a lot of fools want to shake your hand.—Chicago Daily News.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES are as easy to use as soap. No muss or failures.

A blessing in disguise gets many a rebuff.—Chicago Daily News.

The true art of memory is the art of attention.—Johnson.

Wives who are patient under neglect have never loved.—Town Topics.

A cunning man overreaches no one half as much as himself.—H. W. Beecher.

A man of integrity will never listen to any plea against conscience.—Home.

If thou art a master, be sometimes blind; if a servant, sometimes deaf.—Fuller.

There is no ghost so difficult to lay as the ghost of an injury.—Alexander Smith.

No man ever became great or good except through many and great mistakes.—Gladstone.

Applause has hurried many a man along the road that leads to failure.—Chicago Daily News.

Often the Case.—"Do they keep a hired girl?" "No, they only hire them."—Philadelphia Evening Bulletin.

"But," protested the angry creditor, "you said you guessed you would pay me to-day." "I know I did," explained the humble debtor, "but, you see, I am such a poor guesser."—Baltimore American.

A man who is always being "helped" has been discharged again. The man who got him his last job said to-day: "I worked harder to get him that job than he ever worked to hold it."—Atchison Globe.

In the Gulf, Perhaps.—Mrs. Nobbish—"Yes, she summered at Newport, and now she's wintering in Florida." Mrs. Peppery—"You don't say? Now, if she should decide to spring in Florida, I wonder where she'd fall."—Philadelphia Press.

A Shrewd Little Fellow.—Mother—"You nice little boy! In dividing that apple you kept the half with a worm hole for yourself and let sister have the other half." Johnny—"Yes; I s'pected the worm had bored through to t'other side."—Boston Transcript.

WANTED--SALESMEN! Our agents make $25 to $100 per week selling WHITE LEAD. You can do so; no experience necessary. As staple as sugar. Write Us. PREMIUM WHITE LEAD CO., 122 North 7th St., St. Louis, Mo.

IMPORTANT To manufacturers desirous of changing location—to corporations being formed. Free site—reasonable bonus, will take stock and have stock taken in industries, that will stand investigation as to future growth and profit. Patents of merit investigated, with view of placing same in incorporated companies. Can locate industries at Springfield, Ohio, and several other cities. Best of railroad, banking facilities and cheap fuel to be had. Surety bond given for fulfillment of contracts. Can place prospective investors in industrial companies being formed that show good future profits. AMERICAN DEVELOPMENT AND INVESTMENT COMPANY, West New Brighton, New York City. Address American Development and Investment Co., Industrial Bureau, Springfield, Ohio.

OPIUM WHISKY and other drug habits cured. We want the worst cases. Book and references FREE. Dr. B. M. WOOLLEY, Box 3, Atlanta, Ga.

WANTED FARMS TO SELL TO CUSTOMERS. Address W. H. BURKE, Clifton Springs, N.Y.

SALZER'S New 20th Century OATS

TEST YIELD 300 BUS. PER ACRE

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Here's the monarch—nothing like it on earth. **Salzer's New 20th Century Oat** takes the cake, carries first prizes as the biggest yielder everywhere. The fact is, Salzer's oats are bred to produce. The U. S. Department of Agriculture claims that out of over 400 samples and kinds tested, **Salzer's** were the best. How do you like that, Mr. Farmer? Our new 20th Century Oat is bound to completely revolutionize oat growing and we expect dozens of farmers to report yields in 1902 running from **200 to 500 bushels** per acre. Price is dirt cheap. Be in the swim and buy this variety this spring to sell to your neighbors the coming fall for seed. It will surely pay you.

Salzer's Marvel Wheat—42 bus. per Acre

The only spring wheat on earth that will yield a paying crop north, east, south, and west and in every state in the Union. We also have the celebrated Macaroni wheat, yielding on our farms, 63 bushels per acre.

SPELTZ

The most marvelous cereal and hay food on earth, producing from 60 to 80 bushels of grain and 4 tons of rich hay per acre.

VEGETABLE SEEDS

We are the largest growers and our stock of earliest Peas, Beans, Sweet corn and all money making vegetables is enormous. Prices are very low. Onion seed 60 cents and up a pound. Catalogue tells.

For 10c—Worth $10

Our great catalogue contains full description of our Beardless Barley, yielding 109 bushels; our Triple Income Corn, going 400 bushels; our potatoes, yielding 600 bushels per acre; our grass and clover mixtures, producing 6 tons of magnificent hay; our Pea Oat, with its 8 tons of hay, and Teosinte with 80 tons of green fodder per acre. Salzer's great catalogue, worth $100 to any wide awake gardener or farmer, with 10 farm seed samples,—worth $10 to get a start—is mailed you on receipt of 10c. postage.

JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO., LA CROSSE, WISC.

$3.00 W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES $3.50 UNION MADE.

Sold by 63 Douglas Stores and the best shoe dealers everywhere.

CAUTION! The genuine have name and price on bottom

Notice increase of sales in table below:

1898 = 748,706 Pairs.
1899 = 898,182 Pairs.
1900 = 1,259,754 Pairs.
1901 = 1,566,720 Pairs.

Business More Than Doubled in Four Years.

THE REASONS:

W. L. Douglas makes and sells more men's $3.00 and $3.50 shoes than any other two manufrs in the world.

W. L. Douglas $3.00 and $3.50 shoes placed side by side with $5.00 and $6.00 shoes of other makes, are found to be just as good. They will outwear two pairs of ordinary $3.00 and $3.50 shoes.

Made of the best leathers, including Patent Corona Kid, Corona Colt, and National Kangaroo.

Fast Color Eyelets and Always Stick Hooks used.

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Shoes by mail 25c. extra. Catalog free.

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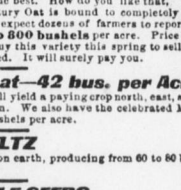

Every farmer his own landlord, no encumbrances, his bank account increasing year by year, land value increasing, stock increasing, splendid climate, excellent schools and churches, low taxation, high prices for cattle and grain, low railway rates, and every possible comfort. This is the condition of the farmer in Western Canada—Province of Manitoba and districts of Assiniboia, Saskatchewan and Alberta. Thousands of Americans are now settled there. Reduced rates on all railways for homeseekers and settlers. New districts are being opened up this year. The new forty-page ATLAS of WESTERN CANADA and all other information sent free to all applicants. F. PEDLEY, Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to JOSEPH YOUNG, 315 State St., East, Columbus, Ohio; N. M. WILLIAMS, Toledo, O.; Canadian Government Agents.

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HAZARD, both black and smokeless powders never vary. The contents of any package is the same as of all packages of the same brand. That fact has produced confidence and explains in part why Hazard Powders are so popular. Use what the majority use, and insist that your dealer carries Hazard Powders in stock.

GUN POWDER

Allen's Ulcerine Salve

Cures Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Scrofulous Ulcers, Varicose Ulcers, Indolent Ulcers, Mercurial Ulcers, White Swelling, Milk Leg, Fever Sores, all old sores. Positively no failure, no matter how long standing. By mail, 63c. J. P. ALLEN, St. Paul, Minn.

RHEUMATISM Van Buren's Rheumatic Compound is the only positive cure. Past experience speaks for itself. Depot 813 S. California Ave., Chicago

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS please state that you saw the Advertisement in this paper.

A. N. K.—C 1900

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Without a doubt the largest, high-class, popular manufactures of Cloths ever brought into Cameron county, at

R. SEGER & COMPANY'S.

We have taken especial care in the selection of our goods and propose giving our hundreds of customers.

HONEST, WELL-MADE GLOTHING AT LOWEST LIVING PRICES.

Every dollar's worth of goods must give the wearer satisfaction. We desire all who intend purchasing a suit of clothes this Fall to file their orders early, that care may be given to every customer, no matter whether you want a $15 or $40 suit.

R. SEGER & CO.

Opposite M. E. Church.

Madam Dean's French Female Pills.

A safe, certain relief for Suppressed Menstruation. Never known to fail. Safe! Sure! Speedy! Satisfaction Guaranteed or money Refunded. Sent prepaid for $1.00 per box. Will send them on trial, to be paid for when relieved. Samples Free.

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A MAN

becomes languid, irritable and despondent, through loss of nerve vigor. Life seems a mockery. The courage, force, vigor and action which characterize full-blooded men, are lacking.

Sex-ine Pills

have kindled the light of hope in many a man's face. They bring vigor to the weak and ambition to the despondent.

They permanently check the weakening drains, feed the nerves, enrich the blood and make men over generally.

$1.00 per box; 6 boxes $5.00. With a $5.00 order we issue a written guarantee to refund the money if no cure be effected. Book free. PEAL MEDICINE Co., Cleveland, Ohio.

For sale by R.C. Dodson, Emporium, Pa. 51

BANNER SALVE

the most healing salve in the world.

Store News.

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WHITE GOODS
OF ALL KINDS.

We are now exhibiting a handsome line of White Goods, Ladies' Furs, Coats, Capes, etc.

The intelligent shoppers when they want to purchase, buy from parties whose standing is a guarantee for quality, and for this reason alone, we are the acknowledged leaders in the Dry Goods business in this county.

There is nothing in the above mentioned line that cannot be found at our store and the prices are always very reasonable.

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for Infants and Children.

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles and cures Constipation. It regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

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PIES,
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ICE CREAM,
NUTS

CONFECTIONERY

Daily Delivery.

All orders given prompt and skillful attention.

PILES A cure guaranteed if you use RUDY'S PILE Suppository

D. Matt. Thompson, Supt. Graded Schools, Statesville, N. C., writes: "I can say they do all you claim for them." Dr. S. M. Devore, Raven Rock, W. Va., writes: "They give universal satisfaction." Dr. H. D. McGill, Clarksburg, Tenn., writes: "In a practice of 25 years, I have found no remedy to equal yours." Price, 50 Cents. Samples Free. Sold by Druggists. MARTIN RUDY, LANCASTER, PA.

Sold in Emporium by L. Taggart. Call for free sample.

DR. FENNER'S GOLDEN RELIEF

CUTS, BRUISES, SPRAINS, STINGS, RUSTY NAILS, COLIC — CURES ANY PAIN INSIDE OR OUT in 1 to 8 minutes — GRIP, COLDS, BRONCHITIS, SORE THROAT, NEURALGIA, DIARRHŒA — *Druggists* — 25c, 50c. $1.

R. C. Dodson, Agent, Emporium, Pa

33-28ly.

Photographed from Life. 1st day. 15th day. 30th day.

REVIVO RESTORES VITALITY

Made a Well Man of Me.

THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY

produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail, $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book and advise free. Address ROYAL MEDICINE CO., 16-20 Plymouth Pl., CHICAGO, ILL.

or Sale in Emporium, by R. C. Dodson.

ALL SORTS.

Many a bright and happy household has been thrown into sadness and sorrow because of the death of a loved one from a neglected cold. BALLARD'S HOREHOUND SYRUP is the great cure for coughs, colds and all pulmonary ailments. Price, 25 and 50 cents. L. Taggart.

Wed-lock is a pad-lock.

HERBINE should be used to enrich and purify the blood, it cures all forms of blood disorders, is especially useful in fevers, skin eruptions, boils, pimples, blackheads, scrofula, salt rheum and every form of blood impurity, it is a safe and effectual cure. Price, 50 cents. L. Taggart.

Marrying the second time, a man pays the highest compliment to his first wife.

Many of the blotches, pimples and other affections of the skin are caused by the failure of the liver and kidneys to cast off impurities, which remain in the system. HERBINE will stimulate the liver and kidneys, and cleanse the system of all impurities. Price, 50 cents. L. Taggart.

A deaf husband and a blind wife make a happy couple.

If troubled with weak digestion, belching, sour stomach, or if you feel dull after eating, try Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. Price, 25 cents. Samples free at L. Taggart's drug store.

Keep your eyes open before marriage and shut afterwards.

The fragile babe and the growing child are strengthened by WHITE'S CREAM VERMIFUGE. It destroys worms, gets digestion at work, and so rebuilds the body. Price 25 cents. L. Taggart.

Marriage is like putting your hand into a bag with ninety-nine snakes and one eel.

Whosoever has suffered from piles knows how painful and troublesome they are. TABLER'S BUCKEYE PILE OINTMENT is guaranteed to cure piles. Price 50 cents in bottles. Tubes, 75 cents. L. Taggart.

Marriage is a lottery with more blanks than prizes.

The properties of BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT possess a range of usefulness greater than any other remedy. A day seldom passes in every household, especially where there are children, that it is not needed. Price, 25 and 50 cents. L. Taggart.

Marriages are not as they are made, but as they turn out.

Head Feels Like Bursting.

Maybe you were out late last night? If you had taken a Krause's Headache Capsule before retiring your head would be cool and clear this morning. Take one now and you will be all right in an half hour. Price 25c. Sold by L. Taggart.

When a man and a woman marry, their romance ceases and their history begins.

Old Fashioned Cold Cure

are going out of date. The busy man of to-day cannot afford to lie abed a whole day and undergo the martydom of the sweating process. Krause's Cold Cure are capsules of convenient size, and can be taken without danger while performing your usual duties. They cure in 24 hours. Price 25c. Sold by L. Taggart.

It is hard to wive and thrive in the same year.

A Simple Cold Cure.

Krause's Cold Cure, in capsule form, is easy to take and does not affect the head or hearing like quinine. Try it today. Price 25c. Sold by L. Taggart.

Better an old man's darling than a young man's slave.

Cut this out and take it to L. Taggart's drug store and get a free sample of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets, the best physic. They also cure disorders of the stomach, biliousness and headache.

In life, as in a promenade, woman leans on a man above her.

The Secret of Long Life.

Consists in keeping all the main organs of the body in healthy, regular action, and in quickly destroying deadly disease germs. Electric Bitters regulates Stomach, Liver and Kidneys, purify the blood, and give a splendid appetite. They work wonders in curing Kidney Troubles, Female Complaints, Nervous Diseases, Constipation, Dyspepsia, and Malaria. Vigorous health and strength always follow their use. Only 50c, guaranteed by L. Taggart druggist.

Let still the woman take an elder than herself, so wears she to him.

New Century Comfort.

Millions are daily finding a world of comfort in Bucklen's Arnica Salve. It kills pain from Burns, Scalds, Cuts, Bruises; conquers Ulcers, and Fever Sores; cures Eruptions, Salt Rheum, Boils and Felons; removes Corns and Warts. Best Pile cure on earth. Only 25c at L. Taggart's drug store.

No use crossing the stream 'til you get to it.

Head Should Never Ache.

Never endure this trouble. Use at once the remedy that stopped it for Mrs. N. A. Webster, of Winnie, Va., she whites "Dr. King's New Life Pills wholly cured me of sick headaches I had suffered from for two years." Cure Headache, Constipation, Biliousness. 25c at L. Taggart's drug store.

Rich Valley.

Mrs. Lucy Lewis is under the doctor's care.

Mrs. Isaac Lewis is dangerously ill at this writing.

Mr. Elihu Barton and wife have returned from Olean.

Some Maccabees of the Valley took in the banquet on Thursday night.

Quite a number of Emporiumites were sleigh-riding in the Valley Sunday.

Mrs. Josephine Carter is still dangerously ill at the home of L. Lockwood.

Mrs. Rose Carter, of Smethport, is visiting her sister, Mrs. McIntosh, of this place.

Sleighing is getting thin. We need more snow. LATER—It's here by a large majority.

Mrs. Sarah Lanning who has been making her home at L. Lockwood's, has moved to Emporium.

Mrs. Nettie Lockwood, who received serious injuries from a fall, while at her Uncle J. Lockwood's, is rapidly improving.

The revival meetings at the Elk Lick school house, conducted by Pastor Readette, are well attended. They will be continued the coming week.

A number of our Valley people went to Sizerville for a sleigh ride and a dance Friday night. We are told the genial proprietor of the Sizerville Hotel, Mr. Evans, opened wide his doors and made them welcome. After dancing until they were tired and partaking of an elegant supper, they returned home, reporting an enjoyable time.

ZANTIPPE.

The prevention of consumption is entirely a question of commencing the proper treatment in time. Nothing iso well adapted to ward off fatal lung troubles as Foley's Honey and Tar. Taggart.

MEXICO AND CALIFORNIA.

Forty-five Days' Tour via Pennsylvania Railroad.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Personally-Conducted Tour to Mexico and California which leaves New York and Philadelphia on February 11 by special Pullman train, covers a large and intensely interesting portion of North America, embracing a great part of Mexico, the beautiful coast resorts of California, and on the return journey from California, the Grand Canon of Arizona, one of the great wonders of the country. Fourteen days will be spent in Mexico and nineteen in California. The Mexico aud California. Special, to be used over the entire trip, will be composed of the highest grade Pullman Parlor, Smoking, Dining, Drawing-room, Sleeping, Compartment and Observation cars, heated by steam and lighted by electricity. Round-trip rate, covering all necessary expenses during the entire trip, $575 from all points on the Pennsylvania Railroad system east of Pittsburg, and $570 from Pittsburg. For the tour of Mexico only the rate will be $350, and for California only, which will leave February 25, $375. For itinerary and full information, apply to ticket agents, or address George W. Boyd, Assistant General Passenger Agent, Broad Street Station, Philadelphia. 47-2217-2t.

FLORIDA.

Personally-Conducted Tour via Pennsylvania Railroad.

The first Jacksonville tour of the season via the Pennsylvania Railroad, allowing two weeks in Florida, leaves New York, Philadelphia, and Washington by special train February 4. Excursion tickets including railway transportation, Pullman accommodations (one berth), and meals *en route* in both directions while traveling on the special train, will be sold at the following rates: New York, $50.00; Buffalo, $54.25; Rochester, $54.00; Elmira, $51.45; Erie, $54.85; Williamsport, $50.00; Wilkesbarre, $50.35; and at proportionate rates from other points.

For tickets, itineraries, and full information apply to ticket agents, or address Geo. W. Boyd, Assistant General Passenger Agent, Broad Street Station, Philadelphia. 47-2219-2t.

MUSICAL COLLEGE. The College of Music at Freeburg, Snyder county, Pa., offers a cheerful and commodious home to young people desiring instruction in Vocal and Instrumental Music. $33 will pay for six week's instruction and board. Spring term begins May 5th. For Catalogue address HENRY B. MOYER.

Executors' Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned have been appointed Executors of the Estate of Washington Bailey, deceased, late of Wharton, Potter county, Pa. All persons having claims against said Estate, and those indebted, will make immediate settlement.

J. LEON NELSON,
RALPH M. WILLIAMS,
Executors.

First Fork, Pa., Jan. 2. 1902. 4t.

WANTED!

Reliable man for Manager of a Branch Office we wish to open in this vicinity. Here is a good opening for the right man. Kindly give good reference when writing.

THE A. T. MORRIS WHOLESALE HOUSE, CINCINNATI, OHIO.

Illustrated catalogue 4 cts. stamps. 48-6t

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Beware of Counterfeits. Refuse all Substitutes.

Safe. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists.

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It cures Piles or Hemorrhoids—External or Internal, Blind or Bleeding, Itching or Burning, Fissures and Fistulas. Relief immediate—cure certain.

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Three Sizes, 25c., 50c. and $1.00

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PURE REFINED PARAFFINE

Don't tie the top of your jelly and preserve jars in the old fashioned way. Seal them by the new, quick, absolutely sure way—by a thin coating of Pure Refined Paraffine. Has no taste or odor. Is air tight and acid proof. Easily applied. Useful in a dozen other ways about the house. Full directions with each cake.

Sold everywhere. Made by STANDARD OIL CO.

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AMERICAN BEAUTIES

We have them in all styles and shapes to fit every figure, and every corset is sold under this most liberal Warrant—"Money refunded after four weeks' trial if corset is not satisfactory."

Look for this Trade Mark on inside of corset and on box.

KALAMAZOO CORSET CO.
Sole Makers
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FOR SALE BY
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Kodol Dyspepsia Cure

Digests what you eat.

This preparation contains all of the digestants and digests all kinds of food. It gives instant relief and never fails to cure. It allows you to eat all the food you want. The most sensitive stomachs can take it. By its use many thousands of dyspeptics have been cured after everything else failed. It prevents formation of gas on the stomach, relieving all distress after eating. Dieting unnecessary. Pleasant to take.

It can't help but do you good

Prepared only by E. C. DEWITT & Co., Chicago. The $1. bottle contains 2½ times the 50c. size.

R. C. Dodson, Emporium, Pa.

TABLER'S BUCK EYE PILE OINTMENT

CURES NOTHING BUT PILES.

A SURE and CERTAIN CURE known for 15 years as the BEST REMEDY for PILES.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Prepared by RICHARDSON MED. CO., ST. LOUIS.

For sale by L. Taggart 2ly.

Safe Cure Immediate — Red Cross — For Woman's Relief.

Tansy Pills

$1.00 per box

Mailed to Any Address in Plain Packages.

Vin De Cinchona Co. 612 Locust St. DesMoines, Ia.

ASK YOUR DRUGGIST FOR THE RED CROSS BOOKLET. (MAILED FREE.)

MONEY REFUNDED IF NOT AS WE SAY

L. Taggart.

Foley's Kidney Cure

makes kidneys and bladder right.

The Place to Buy Cheap

—IS AT—

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Carries nothing but the best that can be obtained in the line of

Groceries and Provisions,

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Handsome buildings, perfectly equipped, steam heat, electric lights, abundance of pure mountain water, extensive campus and athletic grounds. Expenses low. Send for catalog.

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